

Fire detection and evacuation solutions that save lives.



FireFinder PLUS

Fire Alarm Control Panel

(EN54.2 & 4- 1998)

Installation, Commissioning & Operation

MAN 2995-11



Responding to a Fire

Access Level 1

The FIRE indicator will be illuminated. The applicable zone ZONE 1 Indicator will also be illuminated and more detailed information of the Loop, Sensor and Zones in alarm are displayed on the LCD as follows.

| FIRST ALARM: L1 D1 Z1 | 15:31 |
|-----------------------------------|--------|
| D.DSC:Loop 1 Sensor 1 | |
| Z.DCS:Zone 1 | |
| LAST ALARM: L4 D49 Z5 | 15:31 |
| D.DSC:Loop 4 Sensor 49 | |
| Z.DCS:Zone 5 Depend C | |
| PRESS PREVIOUS/NEXT TO VIEW OTHER | ALARMS |
| AC:2Z ALM:5 PALM:0 FLT:0 | DIS:0 |

DELAY

The verride button is pressed to override any delays to outputs



BUZZER button is pressed to silence the buzzer

Access Level 2



button is pressed to turn ON all alarm devices.



The button is pressed to silence any silence-able outputs that have been activated.



The will be illuminated to indicate that the silence-able outputs have been silenced and resound is available.

The operation of the SILENCE button will be logged.



The button is pressed to reset the fire condition. All outputs activated in response to the fire will deactivate and the panel will revert to the normal condition providing there are no other abnormal conditions present. – RESET IS LOGGED.



Disabling a Zone / Device

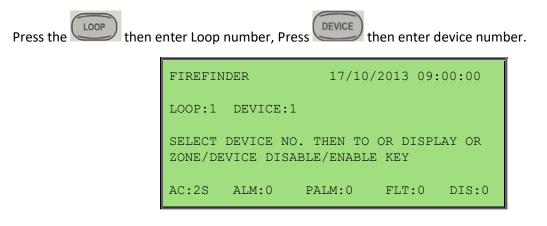
Zone Disablement (Access Level 2)

Place the Keyswitch in the ENABLED position or you will be prompted for access password.

ZONE 1 ABC then Press for Zone 1 selection. Press FIREFINDER 17/12/2012 09:00:00 ZONE:1 SELECT ZONE NO. THEN TO OR DISPLAY OR DEVICE DISABLE/ENABLE KEY ALM:0 PALM:0 FLT:0 AC:2Z DIS:0 DEVICE DISABLE/ENABLE Now Press the and the following screen will be displayed if in Zone Mode. ZONE 1 Zone 1 Description STATUS: DISABLE 01/01/2019 08:12:34 ZONES DISABLES 1 of 1 DEVICE> AC:2Z ALM:0 PALM:0 FLT:0 DIS:1

Device Disablement:

(Access Level 2 for Alarm Points, Access level 3 for individual Alarm Devices)



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| | 6 | DEVICE DISABLE / ENABLE | | |
|---------------|---|----------------------------|---------------|--|
| Now Press the | C | DISABLE/ENABLE | \mathcal{I} | |

| The Disable LED will illuminate DISABLED and the following so | creen will be displayed. |
|--|--------------------------|
| L1 D1 Z1 Loop 1 Sensor 1 | MCP |
| STAT:NORMAL 01/01/2019 08:12:34 | /DISB |
| DEVICE DISABLES 1 of 1 | ZONE< |
| AC:2S ALM:0 PALM:0 FLT:0 | DIS:1 |
| Note: To change between the Zone and Device modes press the | buttons |

Contents

| 1 | Abo | out Th | is Manual | 1 |
|---|------|---------|--|---|
| | 1.1 | Intro | oduction | 1 |
| | 1.2 | Gen | eral Requirements | 1 |
| | 1.3 | Refe | erences | 1 |
| | 1.4 | Sym | bols | 1 |
| 2 | Intr | oduct | ion | 2 |
| | 2.1 | Syst | em Overview | 2 |
| | 2.2 | Ove | rview & Key Features | 3 |
| | 2.3 | FAC | P Configuration Examples | 4 |
| 3 | Fire | Finde | er Plus Description | 5 |
| 4 | Plac | cing Tl | he Basic System Into Operation | 7 |
| | 4.1 | Unp | acking | 7 |
| | 4.2 | Anti | -Static Precautions | 7 |
| | 4.3 | Wor | king On The System | 7 |
| | 4.4 | The | Cabinet | 7 |
| | 4.5 | Cabl | le Types and Limitations | 8 |
| | 4.6 | Pow | ver Supplies and AC Mains Installation | 9 |
| | 4.6. | 1 | Connecting the Mains Earth1 | 0 |
| | 4.6. | 2 | Connecting Power Supply1 | 0 |
| | 4.7 | COR | RECT Power Up / Turn "ON" Procedure1 | 1 |
| | 4.8 | Briga | ade / PSU Monitor Board1 | 1 |
| | 4.8. | 1 | Battery Connections1 | 3 |
| | 4.8. | 2 | Auxiliary 27 Volt Power1 | 3 |
| | 4.8. | 3 | Monitored Inputs1 | 4 |
| | 4.8. | 4 | Monitored Outputs1 | 5 |
| | 4.8. | 5 | Relay Output Connections1 | 6 |
| | 4.9 | High | n Current Interface Board1 | 7 |
| | 4.10 | Maiı | n Board1 | 8 |
| | 4.11 | Fron | nt Panel Board1 | 9 |
| | 4.12 | Maiı | n CPU2 | 0 |
| | 4.13 | Slav | e CPU2 | 1 |
| | 4.14 | Add | ressable Dual Loop Termination Board2 | 2 |
| | 4.14 | 4.1 | Detector loop Isolator Installation2 | 3 |
| | 4.14 | 4.2 | Loop Isolator calculator2 | 3 |
| | 4.14 | 4.3 | Loop Open / Short Circuit2 | 3 |

| 5 | Fire | Finde | er PLUS Control Panel | 24 | | |
|---|-------|-----------------|------------------------------|----|--|--|
| | 5.1 | System Controls | | | | |
| 6 | Fund | ction | s And Menus | 29 | | |
| | 6.1 | The | Default LCD Display | 29 | | |
| | 6.2 | LCD | Contrast | 29 | | |
| | 6.3 | Acce | essing Functions and Menus | 30 | | |
| | 6.4 | Fund | ction Menu and Access Levels | 30 | | |
| | 6.4. | 1 | Forgotten Passwords | 30 | | |
| 7 | The | Mair | n Menu | 31 | | |
| | 7.1 | Alar | ms | 31 | | |
| | 7.2 | Stag | ge 1 Alarms | 31 | | |
| | 7.3 | Pre- | Alarms | 32 | | |
| | 7.4 | Faul | lts | 32 | | |
| | 7.5 | Disa | bles | 33 | | |
| | 7.6 | Wal | k Tests | 34 | | |
| | 7.7 | Stat | us | 34 | | |
| | 7.8 | Tool | ls | 39 | | |
| | 7.9 | Setu | ıp | 40 | | |
| | 7.10 | Abo | ut | 41 | | |
| 8 | The | Func | tion Menu | 42 | | |
| | 8.1 | Date | e | 42 | | |
| | 8.2 | Time | e | 43 | | |
| | 8.3 | Day | /Night | 43 | | |
| | 8.4 | Logs | 5 | 44 | | |
| | 8.5 | Test | S | 45 | | |
| | 8.5. | 1 | Walk Tests | 45 | | |
| | 8.5. | 2 | Loop Test | 46 | | |
| | 8.5. | 3 | Device LED Test | 47 | | |
| | 8.6 | I/O. | | 47 | | |
| | 8.7 | Glob | oal (Network Panels) | 49 | | |
| | 8.8 | Pass | swords (Level III) | 50 | | |
| | 8.9 | Prog | gramming | 51 | | |
| | 8.9. | 1 | Conv (Conventional) Zone | 51 | | |
| | 8.9. | 2 | Device | 53 | | |
| | 8.9. | 3 | Input | 54 | | |
| | 8.9.4 | 4 | Output | 54 | | |
| | 8.9. | 5 | Panel Based MCP | 54 | | |

| 8 | 8.9.6 | Sub Address | 54 |
|-----|---------|--|----|
| 8 | 8.9.7 | Watchdog | 54 |
| 8 | 8.9.8 | Zone programming | 55 |
| 8 | 8.9.9 | Extra Devices Detected | 57 |
| 8 | 8.9.10 | Mismatch Detected | 57 |
| 9 I | ncoming | Fire Alarm Signal | 59 |
| 10 | Access | ing a Loop, Device or Zone | 60 |
| 10. | 1 LOO | P OR DEVICE (Access Level 2) | 60 |
| 10. | 2 ZON | E (Access Level 2) | 60 |
| 11 | Moder | n / Programming / Debug Interfacing | 61 |
| 12 | Expand | ding the FACP with Compatible FireFinder PLUS Boards | 63 |
| 12. | 1 Anci | llary Services | 63 |
| 12. | 2 Com | patible FireFinder PLUS Boards | 64 |
| 12. | 3 Expa | ansion Board | 65 |
| 12. | 4 8 Zo | ne Conventional Board | 66 |
| 12. | 5 32 Z | one Alarm Mimic Card | 67 |
| 12. | 6 8 Wa | ay Switch and Indicator Card | 68 |
| 12. | 7 16 V | Vay Input Board | 70 |
| 12. | 8 8 W | ay Relay Board | 71 |
| 1 | 12.8.1 | Internal Relay Board | 71 |
| 1 | 12.8.2 | Remote Relay Board | 73 |
| 12. | 9 8 Wa | ay Sounder Board | 74 |
| 12. | 10 4 | Way Fire Fan Module | 75 |
| 12. | 11 4 | Way Fan Termination Board | 76 |
| 12. | 12 Co | ommunications Extender Board | 77 |
| 12. | 13 Sr | martTerminal | 77 |
| 1 | 12.13.1 | Overview | 77 |
| 1 | 12.13.2 | Mechanical | 78 |
| 1 | 12.13.3 | Installation & Cabling | 79 |
| 1 | 12.13.4 | Setting the SmartTerminal Address | 79 |
| 1 | 12.13.5 | Operation | 80 |
| 1 | 12.13.6 | SmartTerminal Controls and Indicators | 81 |
| 1 | 12.13.7 | SmartTerminal Screen Format | 81 |
| 12. | 14 Pr | rinter | 84 |
| 1 | 12.14.1 | Indicators and Buttons | 84 |
| 1 | 12.14.2 | Maintenance | 85 |
| 1 | 12.14.3 | Printer Connections and Jumpering | 87 |

| 1 | 2.14.4 | Printer 5 Volt Power Supply | 87 |
|------|--------|-------------------------------------|-----|
| 13 | Expar | nding the System Through Networking | 88 |
| 13.2 | 1 Net | tworking | 88 |
| 13.2 | 2 Net | twork Interface Card | 88 |
| 13.3 | 3 Hig | h Level Interface Expander | 90 |
| 14 | Certif | ication Information | 92 |
| 15 | Maint | tenance and Troubleshooting Chart | 93 |
| 15.2 | 1 Ma | intenance | 93 |
| 15.2 | 2 Tro | publeshooting FireFinder PLUS | 94 |
| 16 | Comp | patible Devices | 95 |
| 17 | Addre | ess Setting | 97 |
| 18 | Gloss | ary of Terms | |
| 19 | Defin | itions | |
| 20 | Speci | fications | 101 |
| 21 | QUIC | K REFERENCE GUIDE | |





1 About This Manual

1.1 Introduction

This manual contains all the information required to install, commission and operate the *FireFinder PLUS* Fire Alarm Control Panel (FACP) and is only available to and for the use of personnel engaged in its installation, commissioning and operation.

1.2 General Requirements

The *FireFinder PLUS* FACP has been designed and manufactured from high quality commercial components so as to comply with major world standards. To ensure these standards are not compromised in any way installation staff and operators should;

- > Be qualified and trained for the task they undertake;
- Be familiar with the contents of this manual prior to the installation, commissioning or operation of a *FireFinder PLUS* control system;
- > Observe anti-static pre-cautions at all times; and
- > Be aware that if a problem is encountered or there is any doubt with respect to the operational parameters of the installation the supplier should be contacted.

1.3 References

| ConfigManager: | Operation Manual |
|----------------|---------------------------|
| Apollo: | Detector / Device Manuals |
| Ampac: | Product Data Sheets |

British Standard:

BS 5839.1-2013: Fire Detection and Fire Alarm systems for buildings Code of Practice for Design, Installation, commissioning and maintenance of systems in non-domestic premises

European Standard:

EN54.2-1998: Fire Detection and Fire Alarm Systems. Control and Indicating Equipment

EN54.4-1998: Fire Detection and Fire Alarm Systems. Power Supply Equipment

1.4 Symbols



Important operational information



Configuration considerations



Observe antistatic precautions



Mains supply earth



DANGER mains supply present

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2 Introduction

2.1 System Overview

The purpose of the *FireFinder PLUS* Fire Alarm Control Panel (FACP) is to monitor changes in inputs, report those changes and update selected outputs as programmed.

The *FireFinder PLUS* FACP is compliant with EN54-2 and EN54-4.

In addition to the mandatory requirements of EN54-2 the *FireFinder PLUS* FACP meets the following optional features with requirements:

- 7.8 Output to fire alarm devices
- > 7.9 Control of fire alarm routing equipment
- > 7.9.1 Output to fire alarm routing equipment
- > 7.9.2 Alarm Confirmation input from fire alarm routing equipment
- > 7.11 Delays to outputs
- > 7.12 Dependencies on more than one alarm signal Type A, B and C
- > 8.3 Fault signals from points
- > 8.9 Output to fault warning routing equipment
- 9.5 Disablement of each addressable points
- 10 Test condition

Note: The *FireFinder PLUS* FACP has the capabilities to include functions and features that are additional to the requirements of EN54-2. These additional functions and features are outlined in this manual.



2.2 Overview & Key Features

The FireFinder PLUS is an Intelligent Analogue / Addressable and / or Conventional Fire Alarm

Control Panel capable of supporting:

- Apollo Discovery and XP95 Intelligent Detectors, Multisensor, Photoelectric, Ionisation, Thermal (heat) and CO detectors..
- Addressable Initiating Devices: Modules that monitor any conventional normally open contact such as supervisory switches and flow switches.
- > Conventional two wire zone detector circuits
- Multiple input/outputs
- High Level Interfaces
- > SmartGraphics
- ➢ EV3000
- Nurse Call
- SmartTerminal
- Remote LED mimics
- Peer to Peer networking
- Master Slave (Main Sub) networking
- Main panel plus Data Gathering Panels networking

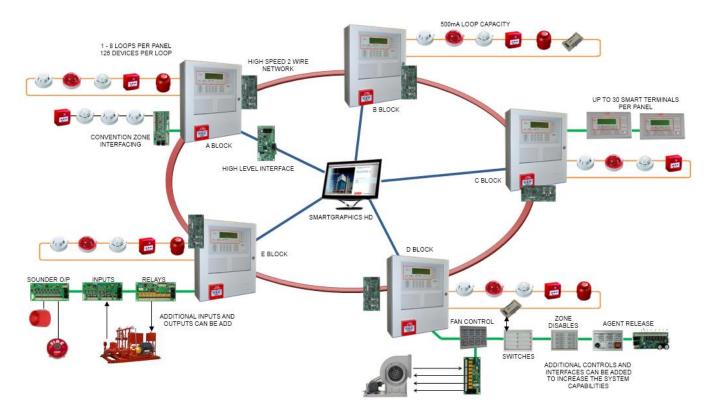


Figure 1: Typical Application



2.3 FACP Configuration Examples

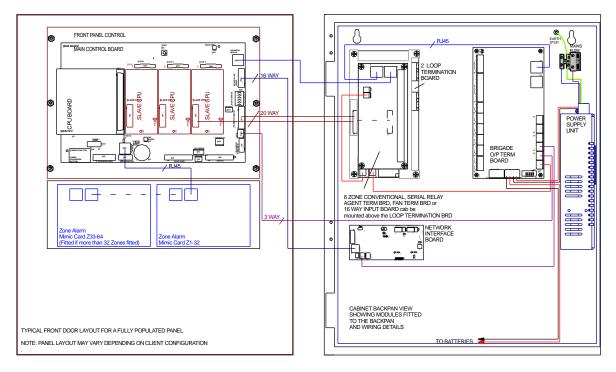


Figure 2: Typical Example of a SP1M/SP1X Layout

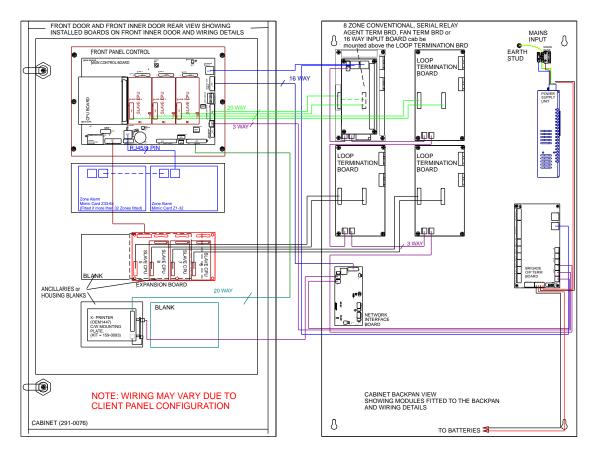


Figure 3: Typical Example of a SP8 Layout



3 FireFinder Plus Description

The following description does not relate to specific cabinets as the size of each cabinet will vary with the amount of hardware fitted.

The heart of the *FireFinder PLUS* consists of two boards collectively known as the **Controller**. These boards are the Main Board and the CPU board. Combining these two boards with a front panel forms the basis for a *FireFinder PLUS* FACP. A single **Controller** without an expansion board has the capacity to interface to four (4) Slave CPU's modules. These Slave CPU's can be used for Loop Termination Boards.

The Main Board has the Slave CPU Board for the first Loop Termination Board and the provision for mounting of up to three additional Slave CPU's to interface to loops 2 - 4. The Slave CPU's all have the same software installed and the manner in which they operate is automatically determined by the type of termination or interface board onto which they connect.

If the system is to be expanded to have more than four Slave CPU's an Expansion Board is required. This board contains Slave CPU No. 5 and expansion sockets for three more to interface to loops 6 - 8. This configuration allows for a maximum number of 8 Slave CPU's that any one **Controller** can accommodate.

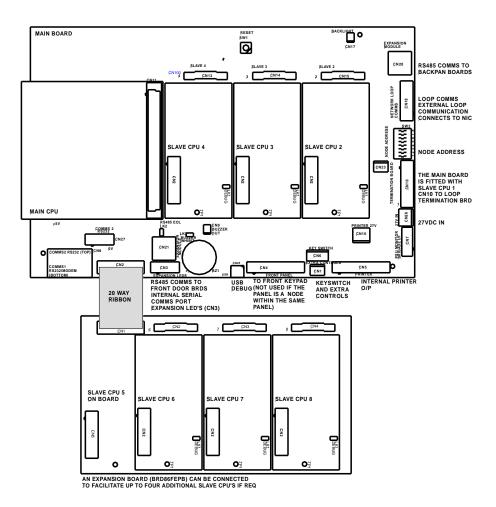


Figure 4: Single Controller Board with Expansion Board



FireFinder PLUS has an internal RS485 communication bus that allows for various ancillary boards (add on modules) to be connect to the panel. These boards can be used to control and monitor field plant equipment or the addition of an agent release module.

Where the system design exceeds the capability of one *FireFinder PLUS* then other *FireFinder PLUS* panels can be networked together to provide an expanded system containing multiple boards in a variety of applications.

Some of these applications include:

- > A Master / Slave (Main Sub) FACP arrangement (MFACP / SFACP)
- > A Peer to Peer System
- Use of Data Gathering Panels (DGP's)
- SmartTerminal
- > SmartGraphics

A Network *FireFinder PLUS* System supports a combination or all these options on a single network. Each panel on the network is regarded as a "node". The NETWORK BUS is accessed using a Network Interface Card (BRD86NIC). The network configuration determines whether a NIC is required. Configurations can be;

Master / Sub FACP: Where there is one or more FACP's configured as local panels then each report the status of their associated zones/devices to a MFACP. There is no control between local panels as the MFACP is structured to have full control of the entire system.

Peer to Peer: Each FACP user can take control of the entire fire system from any FACP.

Data Gathering Panel: The use of this type of panel may be installed where there is a need to have field terminations only at one location and all control is performed by an FACP that is remotely located.

SmartTerminal: Provide the user with the ability to monitor the status of designated areas or an entire site as well as execute specific interrogation tasks.

SmartGraphics: Is an active graphics system connected to the FireFinder PLUS.



4 Placing The Basic System Into Operation

4.1 Unpacking

Carefully unpack the FireFinder PLUS.

The package should include:

- > *FireFinder PLUS* Fire Alarm Control Panel
- > An Operators manual
- ➢ 003 keys

4.2 Anti-Static Precautions

To prevent damage to components, modules and boards, anti-static precautions **MUST** be observed while performing any task within the FACP. The same applies to those situated in the field

4.3 Working On The System

Prior to unplugging any connector, connecting or disconnecting any wiring, removing or replacing any module or board, ensure that both the Mains and Batteries have been isolated to prevent damage to panel components.

4.4 The Cabinet

Features:

- The cabinet is available in four different styles. Each style has the capability of being either surface or flush mounted. With flush mounting though a surround is required.
- > Normally painted Surf Mist Ripple. Other colours are available on request.
- ➤ The inner and outer door hinges are mounted on the left-hand side of the cabinet which allow the doors open to an angle of 100^o. A keyed entry is provided
- Knockouts are positioned on gland plates and a cut out is available on the rear of the cabinet to simplify cable entry. Mounting the Cabinet
- The second secon

Open the front door. Use the keyhole mounting holes in the top corners and in the lower middle of the unit to mount it on the wall. Cables to connect the system to its external actuating devices are brought in through the knockouts on the top or bottom of the cabinet.

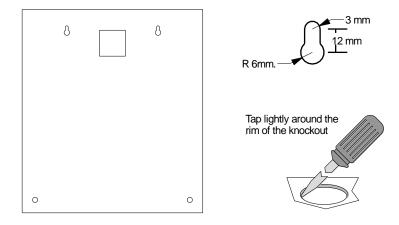


Figure 5: Example SP1 Back Pan Mounting Hole & Removing Knockouts A **Halma** company



4.5 Cable Types and Limitations

All System wiring should be installed in accordance with the national wiring regulations where the panel is being installed.

To comply with EMC (Electro Magnetic Compatibility) regulations and to reduce the risk of electrical interference in the system wiring, we recommend the use of Fire-resistant screened cables throughout the installation, examples of which include the following:

| Manufacturer | Cable Type | | CoreSize (mm ²) | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--------------|--|
| | | 1 | 1.5 | 2.5 | |
| Ventcroft* | No Burn Platinum | ✓ | \checkmark | ✓ | |
| Ventcroft | Diamond | ✓ | ✓ | \checkmark | |
| Prysmian cables & systems Ltd | FP200 Gold LSOH | ✓ | \checkmark | ✓ | |
| Prysmian cables & systems Ltd | FP Plus | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| AEI Cables Ltd | Firetec Multicore LSZH | ✓ | ✓ | \checkmark | |
| CAvicel SpA | Firecel SR/114H | \checkmark | \checkmark | ✓ | |
| Tratos Cavi SpA | FIRE-Safe TW950 | ✓ | \checkmark | ✓ | |
| Eland Cables | FireForce | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Draka | Firetuf (OHLS) | \checkmark | ✓ | \checkmark | |
| Draka | Firetuf Plus | ✓ | ✓ | \checkmark | |

* For LPCB approval the panel was tested with Ventcroft No Burn Platinum 1.5mm² cable.



4.6 Power Supplies and AC Mains Installation

This product shall be installed in accordance with all applicable national and/or regional Codes of Practice and standards.

() In the UK this is BS 7671 IEE Wiring Regulations and BS 5839-1, Fire detection and alarm systems for buildings: Code of practice for system design, installation and maintenance.

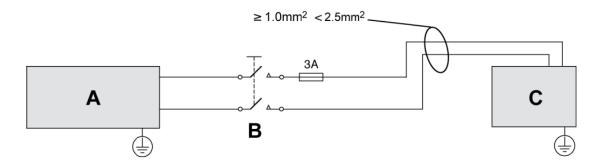
The Mains Supply wiring should be fire resistant 3 core cable (no less than 1mm² and no more than 2.5mm²), or a suitable three conductor system fed from an isolating switched fused spur, fused at 3A.

The Mains supply must be exclusive to the panel, secure from unauthorised operation, and be marked 'FIRE ALARM: DO NOT SWITCH OFF'.

As an alternative to a switched fused spur, a double pole isolating device (B) may be used in the

Mains feed from the Main Distribution Board (A) to the CIE (C), providing it meets the

appropriate wiring regulations - see diagram below.



(i) For PERMANENTLY CONNECTED EQUIPMENT, a readily accessible disconnect device shall be incorporated in the building installation wiring.

Within the CIE the mains supply will be connected to either a 5 Amp 27-volt supply or 14 Amp 27-volt power supply via a fused terminal block (refer section 4.6.2 below).

These supplies will be either mounted in the upper or lower right-hand corner of the cabinet with the Brigade Board mounted above or below or to the side of the PSU.

The wiring should enter the cabinet through the nearest knockout entry hole on that side.



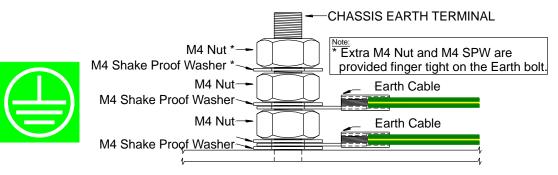
4.6.1 Connecting the Mains Earth

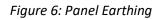
All earth cabling shall be terminated to the panel Chassis Earth Terminal in a star configuration.

The earth cable closest to the cabinet body shall have an M4 SPW beneath the lug then an M4 SPW and M4 nut.

Each additional earth cable shall be terminated with an M4 SPW and M4 nut.

An additional M4 nut and M4 SPW are fitted to the Chassis Earth Terminal for installers to connect their Mains Earth.





4.6.2 Connecting Power Supply

Output Voltage: 27.4 Volts.

FUSE Rating 5.6A PSU: 2 Amp 3AG Slow Blow

FUSE Rating 14A PSU: 5 Amp 3AG Slow Blow

Mains cable should be no less than 0.75mm"

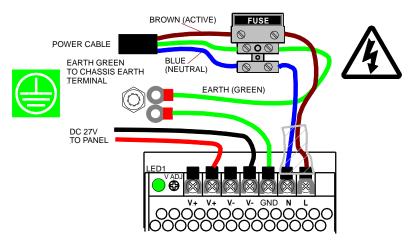


Figure 7: Mains Power Connection to the Power Supply



4.7 CORRECT Power Up / Turn "ON" Procedure

Once all the field devices are installed and the wiring has been correctly terminated the *FireFinder PLUS* is ready to turn on. *For reliable power up it is essential the following procedure be followed:*

- 1. Turn the Mains power on, THEN
- 2. Connect the batteries observing correct polarity.
- **3.** The green power on LED should be illuminated.

4.8 Brigade / PSU Monitor Board

The Brigade / PSU Monitor Board (BRD86BPSC) monitors and controls the power supply, battery charging, monitored / un-monitored inputs, outputs and the 5 relay outputs.

| TB(x) | Function | Type of Output |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
| TB1 | Aux Out x 2 Protected | |
| TB2 | Relay 1 | 1 Amp Voltage Free Contacts |
| ТВЗ | Relay 2 | 1 Amp Voltage Free Contacts |
| TB4 | Relay 3 | 1 Amp Voltage Free Contacts |
| TB5 | Relay 4 | 1 Amp Voltage Free Contacts |
| TB6 | Relay 5 | 1 Amp Voltage Free Contacts |
| TB7 Monitored Outputs x 4 24Vdc 10K EOL | | 24Vdc 10K EOL |
| TB8 | Monitored Inputs x 4 Switched Negative, 10K EOL | |
| ТВ9 | B9 Battery Out / 27VDC PSU IN Protected | |
| TB10 External Board / SW POWER | | |
| | | |
| CN(x) | Function | Type of Output |
| CN1 | JTAG | |
| CN1 | SGD | |
| CN3 | External Board Controls | |
| CN4-8 | Power Out | 1 Amp (protected) |



Relay Information

Voltage Free contacts are rated at 1A @ 30V

Back EMF Protection

() Inductive loads fitted to the Brigade PSU Monitor Board MUST be fitted with "Flyback" diodes at the load for back EMF protection.

Transient Protection

() Recognised transient line protection methodologies at the FACP and the load MUST be considered when connecting any control devices to the outputs be they in close or remote.

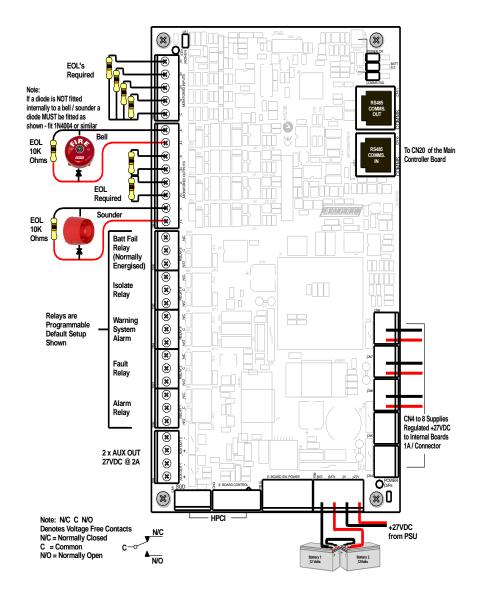


Figure 8: Brigade / PSU Monitor Board Layout

Note: When connecting to the Brigade PSU Monitor board transient and "Flyback" (Back EMF) protection methodologies MUST be applied.

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4.8.1 Battery Connections

A *FireFinder PLUS* requires two (2) 12 volt batteries (TB9). The batteries should be placed into the bottom right hand side of the cabinet.

A red and black lead coming from TB1 on the Brigade Board will be clearly seen in the same area, this lead is to be connected to the batteries red to positive and black to negative once the system is operating on Mains supply.

Battery size is dependent on system configuration and can vary from 12 AHr to over 100 AHr.

Note: Refer to Ampac's battery calculation tool to calculate the required battery size.

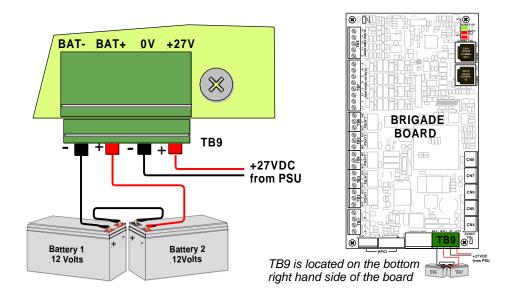


Figure 9: Battery Connections to the Brigade / PSU Monitor Board

4.8.2 Auxiliary 27 Volt Power

Two (2) 1 Amp outputs are available from TB1 terminals 1+ (plus) and 2- (minus) or 3+ and 4- on the Brigade Board. It is important to note these outputs are short circuit monitored.

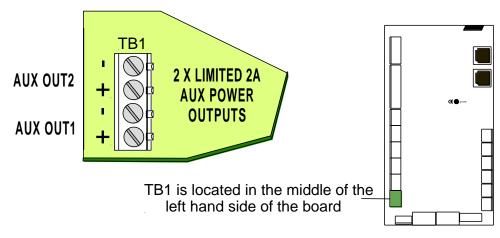


Figure 10: Auxiliary 27VDC Power Output



4.8.3 Monitored Inputs

Four independently monitored inputs (TB8) are provided and can be configured for a variety of uses.

- Class Change if activated all Sounders and Sounder Outputs in Sounder Group 1
- **External Fault** if activated the FACP will indicate a Fault condition
- Ancillary Disable if activated, the FACP's "DISABLED" and ANC OUTPUT STATUS LEDs will both be turned on. Note that this event is used to indicate an ancillary/auxiliary disablement or a dooropened condition if a door switch is fitted. It also activates any Relays on the Brigade board configured as "Isolate" relays and affects the Brigade Board's "Aux/Anc" outputs based on their "normally energised" settings.
- **Evacuate** if activated the FACP goes into Evacuation.
- Sounder Silence if activated all activated sounders are silenced.
- Reset if activated a Master Reset is initiated.
- Fire/Feedback if activated, the FACP's "Fire Output On" LED will flash (EN54-2 Clause 7.9.2). Note that this is a latched condition and will only be cleared a "Master Reset" command from the FACP.
- **General Purpose** for use in Functions (Cause and Effects)

The default configuration types for the inputs are as follows:

- Input 1 External Fault
- Input 2 Reset
- Input 3 Sounder Silence
- Input 4 Fire/Feedback

The inputs have been designed to operate with a programmable EOL of $3K3\Omega$, $10K\Omega$ $22K\Omega$ or Unmonitored (no EOL) the 10K EOL is the default. The normal and active ranges change according to the end of line selected.

| Line resistance (10K EOL) | Sensed Condition |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 0Ω– 150Ω | Short circuit Fault |
| 500Ω – 4ΚΩ | Active condition |
| 8ΚΩ – 15ΚΩ | Normal |
| 20KΩ to ∞ | Open circuit Fault |

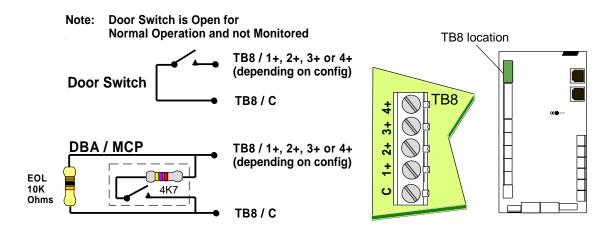


Figure 11: Inputs DBA / MCP and Door Switch Wiring



4.8.4 Monitored Outputs

Four independently monitored and controlled outputs (TB7) are provided and can be configured for a variety of uses.

- Alarm Devices activated when any of its four sounder groups is active. (EN54-2 Clause 7.7 and 7.8). The output is turned off during an Alarm (sounder) disable or Alarm (sounder) silence condition.
- Fire / FARE activated by alarm condition (EN54-2 Clause 7.7 and 7.9.1). The output is turned off during a FARE disable condition.

[©]Note: To meet the requirements of EN54-2 Clause 9.4 only a single monitored FARE/FIRE output should be configured.

- Ancillary activated on device alarm conditions. The output is turned off during an Auxiliary disable condition.
- Fault activated on all fault conditions (EN54-2 Clause 8.9). The output is turned off during a FWRE disable condition.

^{CP}Note: To meet the requirements of EN54-2 Clause 9.4 only a single monitored Fault output should be configured.

General Purpose – activated via the ConfigManager "Function" programmed logic.

These monitored switched outputs, supply a **nominal 24VDC, at up to 1 Amperes**. Monitoring is for short, open and earth faults when the output is OFF.

The outputs have been designed to operate with a programmable EOL of $3K3\Omega$, $10K\Omega$ $22K\Omega$ or Unmonitored (no EOL) the 10K EOL is the default.

| Line Impedance (10K EOL) | Reported Condition |
|--------------------------|---|
| 0Ω– 50Ω | Short circuit Fault |
| 50Ω – 150Ω | Indeterminate: Maybe reported as shorted or normal |
| 150Ω – 15ΚΩ | Normal |
| 15ΚΩ – 40ΚΩ | Indeterminate: Maybe reported as normal or open circuit |
| 40KΩ to ∞ | Open circuit Fault |

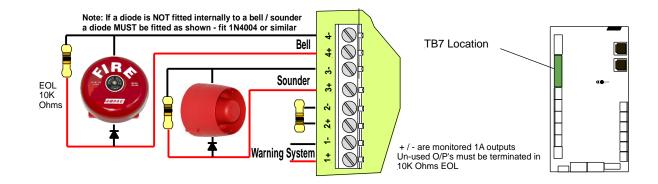


Figure 12 Connecting a Bell / Sounders



4.8.5 Relay Output Connections

Five "voltage free" relay outputs (TB2 – TB6) are provided and can be configured for a variety of uses.

- Fire/FARE activated on device alarm conditions and "Function" programmed logics. The relay is turned off during a FARE disable condition.
- > Sprinkler activated on device alarm conditions and "Function" programmed logics.
- Fault activated on all fault conditions and "Function" programmed logics. The relay is turned off during a FWRE disable condition.
- > **Disable** activated on all isolate conditions and "Function" programmed logics.
- > Battery Fail activated on battery fail conditions and "Function" programmed logics.
- > Mains Fail activated on a mains failure.
- > Ancillary activated on device alarm conditions.
- General Purpose activated via "Function" programmed logics

These outputs have been designed to be able to switch predominately resistive loads as listed below.

| Switching voltage | Maximum switching current |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 30VDC | 1A |
| 24VAC | 1A |
| 50VDC | 250mA |
| 40VAC | 250mA |

The relay contacts are connected as shown below.

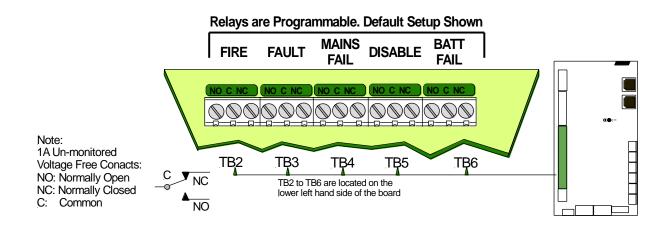


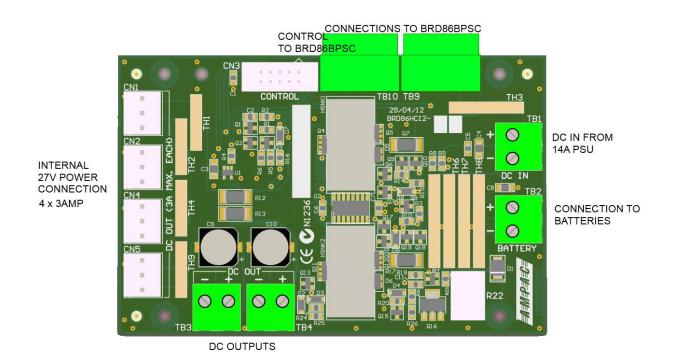
Figure 13: Relay Outputs

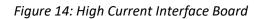


4.9 High Current Interface Board

When the 14Amp power supply is used in the FACP the High Current Interface Board is required to provide protection for the boards, cards and other 27VDC distribution within the FACP.

The board plugs/connects into the Brigade / PSU Monitor Board (BRD86BPSC) and the 27V DC output from the PSU is connected to TB1 of the BRD86HCI instead of TB9 on the BRD86BPSC





| ТВ | Function |
|-----|----------------------------|
| 1 | 27VDC PSU IN |
| 2 | Battery Out |
| 3 | 27VDC Out |
| 4 | 27VDC Out |
| 9 | Battery Out / 27VDC PSU IN |
| 10 | External Board / SW POWER |
| CN | Function |
| 1 - | 27VDC 3A Max |
| 5 | |



4.10 Main Board

The Main Board (BRD86MBA) carries the devices for interconnecting to all the other Boards, a buzzer for auditory indication, the backlight power supply for the LCD and CPU Reset.

The Main CPU is mounted on this board and connected to it by CN11. The main connection board then provides interfacing to

- Up to 3 Slave CPU's (Slave CPU 1 is onboard)
- > A printer
- > A Modem
- > An Expansion Panel
- > An Internal serial bus
- An External communication bus.

Connections

| CN1 | Extra Control (Not Fitted) | CN15 | Slave CPU connection |
|------|------------------------------|------|--|
| CN2 | Expansion Panel | CN16 | Printer 27VDC Out |
| CN3 | Expansion LED's (Not Fitted) | CN17 | To LCD Backlight supply |
| CN4 | Front Keypad | CN18 | External Loop Communication |
| CN5 | Printer | CN19 | LCD Characters |
| CN6 | Key Switch (Not Fitted) | CN20 | RS485 Communications Port 1 |
| CN7 | Brigade Output | CN21 | RS485 Communications Port 2 |
| CN8 | Modem and RS232 Comms | CN22 | To LCD Backlight supply |
| CN9 | External Buzzer Output | CN23 | Slave CPU Debug (Not Fitted) |
| CN10 | Slave CPU output 1 | CN24 | Jtag Programming Slave CPU1 (Not Fitted) |
| CN11 | Main CPU | CN25 | USB Programming |
| CN12 | LCD Graphic | CN26 | 27VDC In |
| CN13 | Slave CPU connection | CN27 | Comms 2 RS232 |
| CN14 | Slave CPU connection | CN28 | 27VDC In (not fitted) |

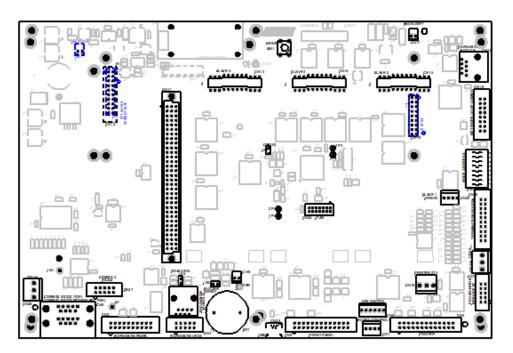


Figure 15: Main Board Layout with no Main CPU or Slave CPU's A **Halma** company



4.11 Front Panel Board

The Front Panel Board (BRD86FPB) provides the buttons used to control the FACP as well as all LED indications. All LED's are surface mounted and the buttons are embedded within the board. The LCD is viewed / protected by a clear Perspex screen.

| CN2 To CN4 Main Board |
|-----------------------|
|-----------------------|

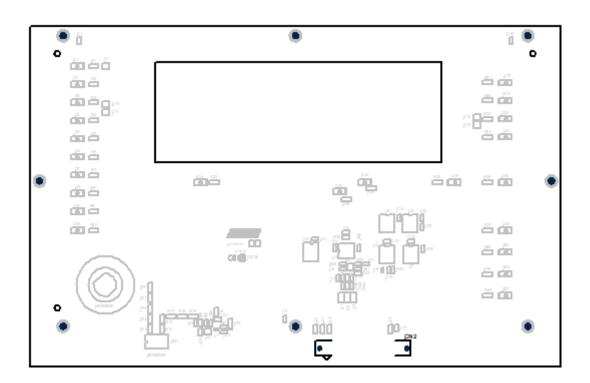


Figure 16: Front Panel Board



4.12 Main CPU

The Main CPU (BRD86MCPU) holds the main central processing unit including the Application software and Configuration settings for the FACP.

- > The Main CPU is a 4-layer surface mount board
- > The processor runs at 60MHz.
- > 16Mbytes of FLASH
- > 32/64 Mbytes SDRAM

| CN1 | USB (Not Fitted) |
|-----|--------------------|
| CN2 | To Main Board CN11 |

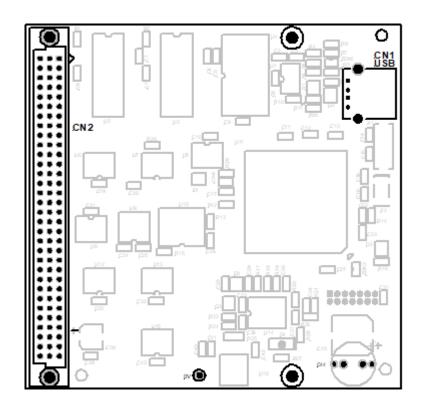


Figure 17: The Main CPU Board PCB Layout



4.13 Slave CPU

The Slave CPU (BRD86SCPU) provides the interfacing signals and I/O's required to allow the FACP to connect / communicate to a variety of termination boards.

A single chip micro controller U7 controls all operations of the FACP Slave CPU. This device contains the control program within Read Only Memory (ROM).

Automatic Termination Board Sensing

A unique feature of the Slave CPU is its ability to automatically sense the type of board it is connected to without the user having to configure the board to suit.

| CN2 | To Loop Termination Board |
|-----|---------------------------|
| CN3 | To Main Control Board |

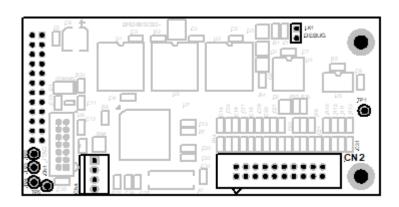


Figure 18: Slave CPU Board

4.14 Addressable Dual Loop Termination Board

The Addressable Dual Loop Termination Board (BRD86DLTB) acts as the interface between the external addressable devices and the control and monitoring functions of the *FireFinder PLUS*. Each board provides terminations for two loops and can be used with the Apollo range of detectors. One slave CPU is required per loop.

The second secon

AMPAC strongly recommend that the *LoopManager* test set is used to check that the Apollo loop has been correctly installed and commissioned before connecting it to the *FireFinder PLUS*.

Loop Parameters

- > 126 Apollo Devices (i.e. maximum address range)
- > 500mA Current Max
- > S/C protection circuitry activates at approximately 650mA
- Maximum length 1.2km

*** Note:** To achieve full current, the Loop Trip current in Loop Parameters needs to be set to 300mA (**ConfigManager**)

| CN1/2 | To Slave CPU Board |
|---------|-----------------------------|
| CN3 / 4 | 27VDC in / out |
| TB1/2 | To Addressable loop devices |

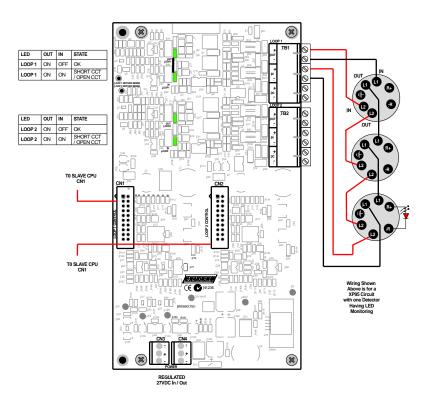


Figure 19: Addressable Loop Termination Board



4.14.1 Detector loop Isolator Installation

In applications where it is not necessary to use an isolating base for each detector, up to 20 detectors may be installed between isolating bases.

*** Note:** Refer to Apollo Isolating specifications and guidelines for further details.

If a short circuit or abnormally low impedance occurs, the base isolates the negative supply in the direction of the fault. When the short circuit is removed the power will automatically be restored.

*** Note:** Isolating base is polarity sensitive.

4.14.2 Loop Isolator calculator

The number of isolating devices on the loop can limit the maximum loop cable length depending on the type of cable used and the total loop current. Refer to the tables below for reference.

| Number of Isolators | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
|------------------------|------|---|------|------|----------|-----------|------------|----------------|------|------|------|
| Loop Current Total(mA) | | MAX CABLE LENGTH using 1.5mm ² | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| 100 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| 150 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| 200 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 960 |
| 250 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 973 | 933 | 893 | 853 | 813 | 773 | 733 |
| 300 | 971 | 931 | 891 | 851 | 811 | 771 | 731 | 691 | 651 | 611 | 571 |
| 350 | 850 | 810 | 770 | 730 | 690 | 650 | 610 | 570 | 530 | 490 | 450 |
| 400 | 756 | 716 | 676 | 636 | 596 | 556 | 516 | 476 | 436 | 396 | 356 |
| 450 | 680 | 640 | 600 | 560 | 520 | 480 | 440 | 400 | 360 | 320 | 280 |
| 500 | 618 | 578 | 538 | 498 | 458 | 418 | 378 | 338 | 298 | 258 | 218 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of Isolators | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| Loop Current Total(mA) | | | | N | AX CABLE | LEN GTH u | sing 2.5mm | 1 ² | | | |
| 50 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| 100 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| 150 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| 200 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| 250 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| 300 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 952 |
| 350 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 950 | 883 | 817 | 750 |
| 400 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 993 | 926 | 859 | 793 | 726 | 659 | 593 |
| 450 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 933 | 867 | 800 | 733 | 667 | 600 | 533 | 467 |
| 500 | 1000 | 964 | 897 | 830 | 764 | 697 | 630 | 564 | 497 | 430 | 364 |

4.14.3 Loop Open / Short Circuit.

In the case of an Open Circuit or Short circuit (short circuit isolators used) on the Loop Line the Loop board provides the ability to drive out from both sides of the loop (In and Out). When these Faults are repaired / cleared the panel will still report a Loop Fault until a Loop Test is performed on the appropriate loop. See section 8.5

5 FireFinder PLUS Control Panel

| • | | | • |
|---|---|-------------------|----------|
| | | POWER | |
| • FIRE | | POWER FAULT | |
| | | SYSTEM FAULT | . |
| e FAULT | | EARTH FAULT | ÷ |
| DISABLED | | ANC OUTPUT STATUS | |
| | | TEST | . |
| | | FIRE OUTPUT ON | |
| DELAY ALARMS SILENCE / | PREVIOUS NEXT SILENCE RESET EVACUATE | PRE-ALARM | |
| OVERRIDE SILENCE / RESOUND | BUZZER | DAY NIGHT ACTIVE | |
| ALARMS FAULT/DISABLE FIRE-OUTPUT FAULT/DISABLE FAULT/DISABLE FAULT/DISABLE DISABLE/ENABLE | LOOP 1 ABC 2 DEF 3 HI CANCEL ENTRY DEVICE 4 JRL 5 CONE 7 TUV 8 WXYZ 9 SYMB DISPLAY TO 9 SPACE ENTER MENU FUNCTION | CONTROLS | 284 |

Figure 20: The FireFinder PLUS Control Panel with an 8 Line LCD

The LCD is used to display abnormal conditions and for interrogation, control and programming activities. When the FACP is in its normal state a default screen is displayed.

In access level 2 or higher the backlight shall always be ON. Alarm, Fault and Disable information is accessed through the Main Menu.

5.1 System Controls



Pressing this button (EN54-2 clause 7.11, Access level 1), when the Delay Mode is ON and one or more zones configured with investigation delays have their delay timer running, activating the DELAY OVERRIDE control overrides the investigation delay timer allowing the zone or zones to enter the fire condition immediately.

Indicator is illuminated steady when one or more zones are configured with Investigation delays and Delay Mode is active. The indicator will flash if any Investigation delay timer is running.

If the DELAY OVERRIDE control or EVACUATE control is activated while the investigation delay timer is running, then the indicator will go steady and the investigation zone enters the fire condition.

The LED indicator will only be OFF if:

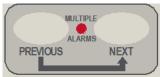
- > The Delay Mode is OFF
- > No investigation delays are configured
- > The panel has switched to day or night mode where no delays have been configured.





Pressing this button (Access level 2) will silence any Bells or Sounders (activated either by a fire alarm, a manual evacuation or a manual alert) that are connected to the fire panel. If the bells or sounders are silenced the LED just beside the button will be illuminated steady indicating that the sounders have been silenced and a sounder resound is available. If a

manual evacuate or manual alert condition is present when the Sounder Silence button is pressed, these conditions will remain visible indicating the conditions are still present for resounding. A new Fire Alarm, manual evacuate or manual alert will resound all the previously silenced Bells and Sounders. Pressing ALARMS SILENCE/RESOUND a second time while the Sounder Silence LED is illuminated, will also re-sound the Bells and Sounders.



This button (Access level 1) is used for scrolling backwards and forwards through fire alarms, faults, or disablements displayed on the LCD. The Multiple Alarm LED will illuminate if there is more than one alarm present



Pressing this button (Access level 1) will silence the panel buzzer, which sounds whenever there is a fire alarm or fault. The sound for a fire alarm is a steady sound whereas for a fault it is intermittent.



Pressing this button (Access level 2) will Reset the panel, clearing any fire alarms and taking the LCD display back to its default screen, unless there are any un-cleared faults or disabled devices, these will continue to be displayed. Pressing reset will also clear the manual evacuate, the manual alert condition and the sounder silence condition. Note: Pressing reset will not clear any disablements including Sounder Disable.



Pressing this button (Access level 2) will activate the Sounders and Bells that have been programmed for manual evacuation and the LED just above the button will be illuminated steady. If the sounders have been previously silenced the LED above the ALARMS SILENCE/RESOUND button will turn off and the Sounders and Bells that were previously silenced will resound. This manual evacuate condition can only be cleared by a Reset and will override a manual "Alert" condition.



Pressing this button (Access level 2) will Disable "ALL" configured Alarm Devices (Sounders) and Alarm device Outputs. The LED is illuminated steady if any of the alarm devices (sounders and/or strobes) have been disabled and flashes if any of the alarm devices (sounders and/or strobes) are in fault. Disable has priority over fault.

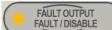


Pressing this button (Access level 2) disables any programmed monitored FARE/Fire outputs or FARE/Fire relays on the brigade board. When disabled the associated LED will light steady. A **Halma** company



Pressing the button again will de-isolate the FARE/Fire outputs. The LED will flash when any of the FARE/Fire outputs are in fault

[®]Note: To meet the requirements of EN54-2 Clause 9.4 only a single monitored FARE/FIRE output should be configured.



Pressing this button (Access level 2) will disable any programmed FWRE Fault monitored output or Fault relay on the Brigade board. If disabled the associated LED will also be illuminated. Pressing the button again will re-enable the FWRE Outputs and fault relay. The LED will also be illuminated if the FWRE is in fault.

Note: To meet the requirements of EN54-2 Clause 9.4 only a single monitored FWRE output should be configured.



This button (Access level 2) is used to disable or re-enable selected individual or groups of detectors, devices or zones.

^CNote: If individually disabling an Alarm Device (Sounder) using this option the user will be prompted for an Access level 3 password.



Press this button followed by a number to select the loop you wish to access.



After selecting the Loop number press this button to enter the device number for the device to be interrogated.



Press this button followed by a number e.g. ZONE 4 to select the required zone.

DISPLAY

Press this button after selecting the Zone number or the Loop and Device numbers to display the state of the device.

Press and hold this "display" button while using the contrast (Access level 2 required)



buttons to adjust the LCD



 \checkmark These buttons are used to navigate around the panel's menus and enter data. If

entering a descriptor, or some other data that contains characters as well as numbers, pressing the buttons multiple times will scroll through the available letters written on the button, in sequence. E.g. 1, A, B, C

ТО

Use this button to access a range of devices. E.g., 2 TO 7.

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ENTER

Press the ENTER button when using the panel, to enter data.

CANCEL ENTRY

The CANCEL ENTRY button is used to delete data in a current field or return to the previously displayed menu.



Used to change the LCD between Device Mode and Zone Mode when Faults and Disablements are shown on the CIE. Also used to move the cursor back and forth when entering data in a field.



These buttons are used to move between fields when entering data and for adjusting the LCD contrast when the "Display" button is held on.



Pressing the MENU button will display the main menu on the LCD. Similarly pressing the FUNCTION button will display the function menu on the LCD.



Controls Enable Keyswitch

NORMAL – Normal day to day operation. ENABLED – Access level 2.

Note

the key can only be removed in the NORMAL position.



5.2 System Indicators

FIRE

This LED will be illuminated steady if any fire alarms are present on the system.

FAULT This LED will be illuminated steady if there are any faults on the system, whether they are loop faults, module faults, device faults etc.

DISABLED The LED will light steady if any detectors, devices or zones in the system have been disabled or if an output relay has been de-activated. The display will show the conditions as per EN54 9.2 and 9.4.2

POWER This LED will be illuminated when power is connected to the FACP and switched on.

POWER FAULT This LED will be illuminated when there is a supply fault. The following conditions constitute a fault.

Mains power is not available.

The output voltage is too low.

The output voltage is too high.

The battery is not connected properly or has failed.

SYSTEM FAULT

This LED will be illuminated if the main system CPU is in fault

EARTH FAULT This LED will be illuminated if there is an earth fault (+ or -) on any of the signal cables of the system.

ANC OUTPUT STATUS The LED will be illuminated steady when the output is disabled and flashes when in

fault

TEST

This LED will be illuminated when the panel is in any of the test modes.

FIRE OUTPUT ON This LED is illuminated steady when there is an output configured as a Fire Output is turned on. Flashes when Fire Input On

PRE-ALARM

This LED will be illuminated when a device/detector is in the pre-alarm state.

DAY NIGHT ACTIVE

The LED is illuminated when the Day / Night facility has been enabled



6 Functions And Menus

^(C) IMPORTANT NOTE: It is strongly recommended that all field programming changes be properly recorded.

6.1 The Default LCD Display

In its normal state the *FireFinder PLUS* will display a screen similar to that shown below.

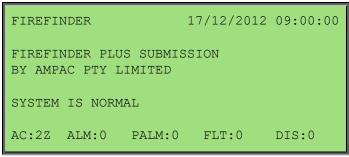


Figure 21: The Default LCD Display

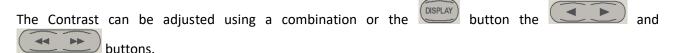
This screen can be configured with the servicing company's name and phone number via a laptop or modem. The current date, time is set in the Function menu while system status is automatically displayed.

Note: The CIE can be configured using the ConfigManager Plus programming tool to display Alarms and Faults in either Zone Mode or Device Mode on the LCD.

The bottom line of the LCD is reserved for the following:

- AC:XX Indicates the current Access level. This will be a number representing access level 1, 2 or 3 followed by either a S (Sensor/Device Mode) or Z (Zone mode)
- > ALM:0 Alarm counter
- **PALM**:0 Pre-Alarm Counter
- **FLT**:0 Fault Counter
- DIS:0 Disablement counter. When in Device mode the counter will show total number of devices that are disabled. When in Zone mode the counter will show the total number of Zones disabled. Unless all devices are disabled within a zone the Zone count will be 0.

6.2 LCD Contrast



Keep the 'Display' button pressed while simultaneously pressing the '<' button to take the contrast down 1 level, the '>' to take up the contrast by 1 level, the '<<' to take the contrast down by 8 levels or the '>>' to take the contrast up by 8 levels.

*** Note:** This button combination will only work in access level 2 or higher.

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6.3 Accessing Functions and Menus

At Levels 2 and 3, access to the panel Functions are password protected.

A new panel has a pre-programmed password of **2222** for Level 2 and **3333** for Level 3.

The Note: Only Authorised Service Technicians / Engineers have the ability to change passwords.

Note: All menus are provided with screen prompts and a "Quick Reference Guide" (see Section xx) guides the operator through the operation of the FACP.

From the **DEFAULT DISPLAY**, press **MENU** or **FUNCTION**. The **FUNCTION** menu is password protected (actually a pass-number as it can only contain numbers) to prevent unauthorised changes to the panel's configuration.

6.4 Function Menu and Access Levels

Three levels of ACCESS are available via separate passwords so that access to certain facilities can be restricted (such as the ability to enter new passwords).

- Level I: Allows access to indications and controls to investigate and respond to a fire or fault warning.
- Level II: In addition to the level I facilities, quiescent, fire alarm fault warning, disable and test conditions.
- > Level III: In addition to the level II facilities, reconfigure specific data or control and maintain the panel in accordance with the manufacturers' specifications.
- Level IV: In an addition to level III trained and authorised by the manufacturer to repair or alter the firmware of a panel.

6.4.1 Forgotten Passwords

Follow the following process if a password has been forgotten or misplaced;

Entering 9999 into the password field;

- 1. Take note of the 4 digit password number displayed on the screen; then
- 2. Contact the AMPAC head office and quote the above number;
- 3. A temporary password will be issued and a new password can then be programmed into the FACP.

*** Note:** The temporary password becomes invalid if 9999 is entered again or if the panel is re-powered after 9999 has been entered.



The Main Menu 7

The MAIN MENU is accessed by pressing

MENU

| MAIN MEN | U | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--------|-------|--------------------------|--|
| 0:ALARMS 3:FAULTS 6:STATUS 9:ABOUT | 1:STA0 4:DIS2 7:TOO | | | -ALARMS K TESTS UP | |
| SELECT NO | D. ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 | |

Figure 22: The Main Menu (No Network)

Numbering System: **0** denotes the menu structure number, **0** denotes the sub-menu numbering, **0** denotes a sub-menu within a sub-menu and ① denotes another sub-menu within a sub-menu

Pressing the appropriate number on the keypad while in the MAIN MENU the user can view any;

7.1 Alarms

Pressing **O** Displays all Alarms present on the system.

| ZONE: 1 Zone 1 STATUS: ALARM 'DATE' 'TIME' | | |
|---|--------|------------------------|
| ZONE ALARM 1 | OF 1 | DEUTCEN |
| AC:2Z ALM:0 | PALM:0 | DEVICE> FLT:0 DIS:0 |

Figure 23: The ALARMS display

will display the Device Information the screen, pressing the

Pressing the

will return it to

Zone Information

7.2 Stage 1 Alarms

Pressing **O** Displays all Stage 1 Alarms present on the system

| ZONE: 1 Zone 1 STATUS: STAGE 1 ALARM 'DATE' 'TIME' | | |
|---|-------|---------|
| zone stage 1 alarm 1 | OF 1 | DEVICE> |
| AC:2Z ALM:0 PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 |

Figure 24: The STAGE 1 ALARMS display



Pressing the will display the Device Information the screen, pressing the will return it to Zone Information

7.3 Pre-Alarms

Pressing ² Displays all Pre-Alarms on the system

| ZONE: 1 | | | |
|----------------|--------|-------|---------|
| Zone 1 | | | |
| STATUS: PRE-AL | ARM | | |
| 'DATE' 'TIME' | | | |
| ZONE PRE-ALARM | I 1 OF | 1 | |
| | | | DEVICE> |
| AC:2Z ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 |

Figure 25: The PRE-ALARMS display

Pressing the will display the Device Information the screen, pressing the will return it to Zone Information

7.4 Faults

Pressing ¹ Displays all Faults on the system

| FAULT MENU | | |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 0:ZONE/DEVICE 3:P/SUPPLY 6:SOUNDERS | 1:LOOP 4:BRIGADE 7:ADD ONS | 2:MODULE 5:TFAILS 8:SYSTEM |
| SELECT NO. AC:2Z ALM:0 | PALM:0 FL | F:0 DIS:0 |

Figure 26: The Fault Menu display (no network)

| FAULT MENU | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 0:ZONE/DEVICE 3:COMMS | 1:LOOP 4:P/SUPPLY | 2:MODULE 5:BRIGADE |
| 6:TFAILS 9:SYSTEM SELECT NO. | 7:SOUNDERS | 8:ADD ONS |
| AC:2Z ALM:0 | PALM:0 FLT | :0 DIS:0 |

Figure 27: The Fault Menu display (Network configured)



| ZONE: 1 Zone 1 STATUS: FAULT 'DATE' 'TIME' | | | |
|---|--------|-------|------------------|
| ZONE FAULT 1 | OF 1 | | DEVICEN |
| AC:2Z ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DEVICE> DIS:0 |

Figure 28: The FAULTS display

Pressing the will display the Device Information the screen, pressing the will return it to Zone Information

7.5 Disables

Pressing ⁽¹⁾ Displays all Disables on the system.

| ZONE: Zone 1 STATUS: 'DATE' ' | DISABLE | | | | |
|--|---------|----|-------|-------|------------------|
| ZONE DIS | ABLE | 1 | OF | 1 | |
| AC:2Z | ALM:0 | PA | ALM:0 | FLT:0 | DEVICE> DIS:0 |

Figure 29: The DISABLES display

Pressing the will display the Device Information the screen, pressing the will return it to Zone Information

Note: If there are no alarms, pre-alarms, faults or disables, a message, e.g. 'NO ZONES OR DEVICES IN ALARM OR SOUNDERS OR ADDONS DISABLED', will be displayed for 1 to 2 seconds and then the display will return to the Main menu.

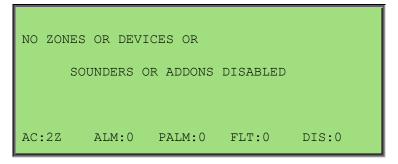


Figure 30: No Zone or Devices Sounders or Addons disabled screen



7.6 Walk Tests

Pressing ^⑤ Displays all Walk Tests on the system

| ZONE: 1 | | | |
|----------------|--------|---------|---------------------|
| Zone 1 | | | |
| STATUS: WALK T | EST | | |
| | | | |
| | | TERMINA | LE <kex 0=""></kex> |
| ZONE WALK TEST | 1 OF | ' 1 | |
| | | | DEVICE> |
| AC:2Z ALM:0 | PALM:C | FLT:0 | DIS:0 |

Figure 31: The WALK TEST display

Pressing the will display the Device Information the screen, pressing the will return it to Zone Information

7.7 Status

Pressing ^(G) Displays the Status of the system

| STATUS MENU | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| 0:LOOPS 3:BRIGADE 6:ADD ONS | 1:MODULES 4:SYSTEM | 2:I/O 5:AVALUES |
| SELECT NO. AC:2Z ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 DIS:0 |

Figure 32: The Status Menu (No networking)

| STATUS MENU | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| 0:LOOPS 3:BRIGADE 6:AVALUES | 1:MODULES 4:NETWORK 7:ADD ONS | 2:I/ 5:SY | O Stem |
| SELECT NO. AC:2Z ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 |

Figure 33: The Status Menu (Networking)

From the STATUS MENU the status of system components and settings can be selected and displayed as listed below.

Note: *Different screens are displayed for a system with and without networking.*

Press

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©Loops: Enter the loop number and the LCD will display its status, e.g. normal, type of fault etc. The Loop current draw and noise levels will also be shown in panels that have Slave CPU software version V9.0 or higher

| LOOP NO:1 |
|---|
| STATUS: NORMAL CURRENT (mA) 0 NOISE (mA) 0 |
| 0:PRINT ALL DEVICES 1:PRINT TOTAL SELECT NO. |
| AC:2Z ALM:0 PALM:0 FLT:0 DIS:0 |

Figure 34: Display Loop Status

• Modules: Select the type of module, Slave **•** and P/S **•**

| DISPLAY MODULE STATUS | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------|-------|-------|--|--|
| 0:SLAVE | 1:POWER SU | PPLY | | | |
| SELECT NO. AC:2Z AL | M:0 PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 | | |

Figure 35: The Display Module Status display

O**I/O:** The LCD will display the status of an input or output in a panel or on a loop, Outputs O and Inputs O.

| DISPLAY INPUT/OUTPUT STATUS | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|-------|-------|--|--|
| 0:OUTPUTS | 1:INPUTS | | | | |
| SELECT NO. AC:2Z ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 | | |

Figure 36: The Display I/O Status display

| DISPLAY OUTPUT | STATUS | | |
|---------------------------|--------|-------|-------|
| 0:IN A PANEL | 1:ON A | LOOP | |
| SELECT NO. AC:2Z ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 |

Figure 37: The Display Output Status display

Once entered the LCD will then display a description of what that input or output does and its current state.

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③ Brigade: Displays the Brigade Status

| | | TATUS ON: 0.0 | • | · · · · | | | |
|--------|-----|------------------|-------|---------|--------|-------|--|
| | | (FIRE | | | /NORM | | |
| OUTPUT | 2: | (FAULT |) | OFF | /NORM | | |
| OUTPUT | 3: | (ALMDEV | 7) | OFF | /NORM | | |
| OUTPUT | 4: | (ALMDEV | 7) | OFF | /NORM | | |
| PRESS | > 1 | FOR INPU | JTS/I | RELAY | S/AUXS | | |
| AC:2Z | i | ALM:0 | PAL | 0:N | FLT:0 | DIS:0 | |

Figure 38: Display Brigade Status

④ Network: Displays Network Status.

*** Note:** This option is only available if the system configuration is networked.

Is pressed to gain access to NETWORK STATUS.

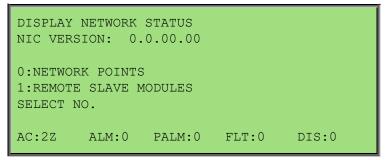


Figure 39: Display Network Status



O Network Points:

| DISPLAY NETWORK POINTS | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------|-----------|-------|---------|--|
| 0:STATUS | 1:POW | ER SUPPLY | 2:1 | BRIGADE | |
| SELECT NO | э. | | | | |
| AC:2Z | ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 | |

Figure 40: Display Network Points

Network Points Screens are

- O STATUS: Press, Select network point e.g. Loop Number
- ① **POWER SUPPLY:** *Press* to display Charger Volts, Battery Detected and Mains OK
- ② **BRIGADE:** *Press* to display Operational or Non-Operational

① Remote Slave Modules:

Select from Network Status Remote Slave Modules, then Module number.

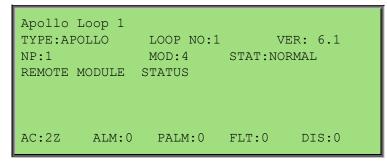


Figure 41: Display Remote Module Status

*** Note:** The SYSTEM, AVALUES and ADD-ONS will increment by 1 if the network is configured

④/⑤ SYSTEM: Is pressed to access SYSTEM STATUS

| SYSTEM STATUS |
|--|
| ALARMS:000 PRE-ALARMS:000 DISABLES:000 |
| DEVICE FAULTS:00 MOD FAULTS:00 |
| LOOP FAULTS:00 EXTRA DEVICES:00 |
| WALK TEST:00 WDOG:00 |
| APP: V 1.0 EN54 |
| CONFIG: |
| AC:2Z ALM:0 PALM:0 FLT:0 DIS:0 |
| |

Figure 42: Display System Status

⑤/⑥ AValues: Is pressed to access AVALUES.

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Select Loop Number and device number to show AVALUES

| Loop 1 sensor 1 | | |
|--|-------|-------|
| L1 S1 Z2 STAT: NORMAL AVALUE:25 MODE:0 | I:000 | 0:000 |
| 0:PRINT ENTRY AC:2Z ALM:0 PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 |

Figure 43: Analogue Values

(6) **ADD-ONS:** Is pressed to access MODULE status

| DISPLAY ADD-ON MODULE STATUS | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| NODE: 000 MODULE (1-32): | | | | | |
| SELECT ADD-ON MODULE NO. THEN ENTER KEY | | | | | |
| AC:2Z ALM:0 PALM:0 FLT:0 DIS:0 | | | | | |

Figure 44: Add on Module status



7.8 Tools

Pressing **②** allows for the Testing of the following selected fields

| TOOLS MENU | | |
|---------------------------|---------|-------------|
| 0:ALARM | 1:FAULT | 2:LAMP |
| SELECT NO. AC:2Z ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 DIS:0 |

Figure 45: The TOOLS menu

Pressing [®] brings up a further detailed selection sub-menu for an Alarm tests.

| ALARM TEST | | | |
|---------------------------|----------|-------|-------|
| 0:ZONE | 1:DEVICE | | |
| SELECT NO. AC:2Z ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 |

Figure 46: The ALARMS test menu

Pressing ${\mathbb O}$ brings up a further detailed selection sub-menu for a Fault tests.

| FAULT TEST | | | |
|---------------------------|----------|-------|-------|
| 0:ZONE | 1:DEVICE | | |
| SELECT NO. AC:2Z ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 |

Figure 47: The FAULT test menu

Pressing ② initiates a LAMP Test. Which will scroll thru and illuminate all LED's and LCD screen



7.9 Setup

Pressing ⁽³⁾ Displays the setup for sounders, Zone Delay and Printer

| SETUP MEN | J | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|---------|-------|---------|--|
| 0:SOUNDER | 1:ZON | E DELAY | 2:1 | PRINTER | |
| SELECT NO AC:2Z | | ALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 | |

Figure 48: The SETUP menu

Pressing [®] brings up a further detailed selection sub-menu for Sounder O/P's.

| SOUNDER MENU | |
|---|------|
| 0:SOUNDER ENABLE 1:SOUNDER DIS 2:SOUNDER RE-TRIGGER(ON) | ABLE |
| 3:SOUNDER RE-TRIGGER (OFF) CURRENT STATUS: ENABLE / RE-TRIGGER | (ON) |
| SELECT NO. AC:2Z ALM:0 PALM:0 FLT:0 D | IS:0 |

Figure 49: The SOUNDER menu

Pressing ⁽²⁾ and ⁽³⁾ require access level 3.

Pressing ${\mathbb O}$ brings up a further detailed selection sub-menu for Zone delays

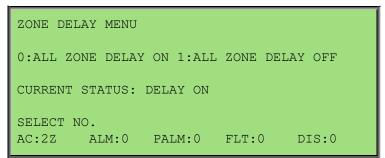


Figure 50: The ZONE DELAY menu

Pressing ${m O}$ brings up a further detailed selection sub-menu for Printer



| PRINTER | MENU | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------|---|--|--|--|
| 0:GO OFF | -LINE / | GO ON-LIN | Е | | | |
| 1:ALARM | 1:ALARM MODE ONLY | | | | | |
| SELECT NO. AC:2Z ALM:0 PALM:0 FLT:0 DIS:0 | | | | | | |

Figure 51: The PRINTER menu

The GO OFF-LINE and GO ON-LINE is a toggle option

7.10 About

Pressing **9** Displays the panel's application software version number and the title information. Title information could be company name, contact information and so on.

| | ENU #:1.01.0(TY LIMITH | | | | |
|-------|-------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|--|
| AC:2Z | ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 | |

Figure 52: The About menu



8 The Function Menu

The **FUNCTION MENU** is accessed by pressing button.

A prompt will ask for a **PASSWORD** if the control panel is not currently active. Using the keypad key in the Level 2 or 3 PASSWORD.

| LEVEL III MAIN FUNCTIONS |
|---|
| 0:DATE 1:TIME 2:DAY/NIGHT 3:LOGS 4:TESTS 5:I/O 6:Global 7:PASSWORD 8:PROG |
| SELECT NO. AC:3Z ALM:0 PALM:0 FLT:0 DIS:0 |

Figure 53: The Level II & III Functions Menu

8.1 Date

Press O To select the set DATE SCREEN. The prompt will ask for the date to be entered in this format,

DD/MM/YYYY (EG 01/01/2011), key in and press **ENTER**. The screen will then return to the **MAIN FUNCTIONS MENU**.

| DATE MEN | 1U | 01/0 | 1/2012 | 12:00:00 | | |
|----------|---------------------|----------|--------|----------|--|--|
| DATE: DI | D/MM/YYYY | 7 | | | | |
| SFIFCT I | SELECT DAY OF MONTH | | | | | |
| | DAI OF MC | /11 1 11 | | | | |
| AC:3Z | ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 | | |

Figure 54: DATE Menu



8.2 Time

hour mode.

Press **1** To select the set **TIME SCREEN**. Then in the following format key in the time, **HH:MM** using the 24

| Press 🗸 | | and the screen | n will return to t | the MAIN FUN | ICTIONS MENU. |
|---------|--|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------|
|---------|--|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------|

| TI | eme me | ENU | | | | | | |
|----|--------|-------|-----|------|------|-------|-------|--|
| TI | IME: H | HH:MM | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| SE | ELECT | HOURS | (IN | 24HR | MODE | E) | | |
| AC | C:3Z | ALM: | 0 | PALM | :0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 | |

Figure 55: TIME Menu

8.3 Day/Night

Press ² The **DAY-NIGHT SETTINGS** screen will appear. Time entry is the same as setting the "Time" facility. Note this Function is available at Access Level 3 only.

Press ⁽¹⁾ To enter the **DAY ON** time.

 $\operatorname{Press} \oplus \operatorname{To}$ enter the $\operatorname{\textbf{NIGHT}}\operatorname{\textbf{ON}}$ time.

Press ^② To ENABLE / DISABLE

| DAY-NIGHT SETTINGS - CURRENTLY DISABLED | |
|---|--|
| DAY ON TIME 08:00 NIGHT ON TIME 18:00 | |
| 0:DAY TIME 1:NIGHT TIME 2:ENABLE | |
| SELECT NO AC:3Z ALM:0 PALM:0 FLT:0 DIS:0 | |

Figure 56: DAY-NIGHT SETTINGS Menu

For this Function to have control it must be **ENABLED** by press \oslash Re-pressing \oslash will toggle to **DISABLE**.



8.4 Logs

Press ⁽¹⁾ to access the **EVENT LOG MENU** will be displayed.

The LOGS MENU allows the operator to select and view the events that have occurred.

| EVENT LOG | G MENU (M | AXIMUM SI | ZE = 200 | 0) |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|--------|
| 0:ALARM | 1:FAULT | 2:DISA | ABLE 3: | SYSTEM |
| 4:1/0 | 5. ERASE | ALL LOGS | 6. | WDOG |
| SELECT NC AC:3Z | | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 |

Figure 57: DAY-NIGHT SETTINGS Menu

Once the type of log is selected, e.g. FAULT, each entry can be viewed by stepping through them using the



Pressing (5) and (6) require access level 3.

The type of log, number and totals logged, date and time of the ALARM, FAULT, DISABLE, SYSTEM or I/O as well as device information will be displayed. The SYSTEM screen displays events and watchdog activity. From these screens the operator can select two other facilities, they are;

[®] **PRINT ENTRY** will print out the displayed information if a printer is installed, or

① **SHOW OPTIONS** allows the operator to select how the Logs are viewed.

⁽¹⁾ To **VIEW BY ENTRY NUMBER**, ⁽¹⁾ to **VIEW BY DATE** or ⁽²⁾ to **PRINT MULTIPLE ENTRIES**. In each case the screen will ask for the appropriate information (ENTRY NUMBER or DATE) to be entered before the selected option will be displayed.



8.5 Tests

Press 4 to access the TESTS menu. Note this is an Access Level 3 function only.

| TESTING MENU | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|--|
| 0: WALK TEST 2: DEVICE LED TH | | IST | | |
| SELECT NO. AC:3Z ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 | |

Figure 58: The Testing Menu

8.5.1 Walk Tests

Press 0 initiate a standard **WALK TEST** or 1 to initiate a **SILENCE WALK TEST**:

| | WALK TEST MENU | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 0: NEW ZONE WALK TEST 1: NEW ZONE SILENCE WALK TEST 2: VIEW ZONE WALK TEST | | | | |
| | SELECT NO. AC:3Z ALM:0 PALM:0 FLT:0 DIS:0 | | | | |
| Figure 59: The Testing Menu | | | | | |
| During the Walk Test the TEST indicator is on. | | | | | |

Initiating a Zone "Silence" Walk test will not operate sounders or alarm devices.

However, initiating a standard zone walk test will operate sounders and alarm devices temporarily for about 5 seconds when a device within the zone is placed into alarm.

The panel will then turn off the sounders and alarm devices and then automatically perform a reset operation. If after the reset any devices are still in the alarm condition the sounders will reactivate.

Note: If Zone LEDs are fitted the applicable Zone LED will indicate an Alarm condition (RED LED ON) while the sounders are activated.



After selecting which Walk test to perform selecting @ from the list allows the user to view the Zone and/or device screens.

| ZONE: Zone 1 STATUS: | 1 WALK TES | Ψ | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------|-----|-----|----------|--------------------|
| | | | | TERMINAT | e <key 0=""></key> |
| ZONE WAI | K TEST | 1 | OF | 1 | DEVICE> |
| AC:2Z | ALM:0 | PAL | M:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 |

Figure 60: The WALK TEST display (Zone Mode)

will display the Device Information the screen, pressing the streen will return it to

Zone Information

Pressing the

To terminate a walk test the 0 key must be pressed when in the Zone viewing screen.

8.5.2 Loop Test

Press LOOP TEST requires the operator to select a LOOP for DIAGNOSTIC TESTING

Entering the LOOP number and pressing will initiate the **DIAGNOSTIC TEST**.

Note: The LED's on the Brigade Board will indicate which leg is being tested.

The tests displayed are;

| \triangleright | TESTING SIDE A | IDENTIFING DEVICES on SIDE A, and |
|------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|
|------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|

> TESTING SIDE B IDENTIFING DEVICES on SIDE B.

Once the testing is completed the final screen will display the number of devices found and tested on the LOOP and a Reset is requested to return the system to normal.

Note: If the data is not entered within 2 minutes the screen will time out and return to the DEFAULT SCREEN.

Note: A Loop Test needs to be conducted after a short / open circuit has occurred, corrected and cleared to return the panel to its default Normal status otherwise the panel will display a loop fault.



8.5.3 Device LED Test

Press ② to initiate a **DEVICE LED TEST**:

This allows the user to turn on a device LED for easy locating the device.

Cancelling out of the Device LED test screen will automatically turn off the device LED.

If the device LED test screen is left on after 30 minutes the LED will turn off and the panel return to the Normal screen.

8.6 I/O

Press **5** To display the Manual I/O Control menu

| MANUAL I/O CONTROL | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| 0: INPUT 1 :OUTPUT | | | | |
| 2: REMOVE ALL MANUAL CONTROL | | | | |
| SELECT NO. AC:3Z ALM:0 PALM:0 FLT:0 DIS:0 | | | | |

Figure 61: The Manual I/O Control Menu

Manual I/O control allows the technician to turn ON or OFF inputs and outputs off a device to facilitate testing or isolation of plant during maintenance. Removal of manual control returns control to the panel.

Press

O Input Selected:

| MANUAL INPUT CONTROL | |
|---|-------|
| 0:IN A PANEL 1 :ON A LOOP 2:IN LOCAL BRIGADE CARD 3:REMOVE ALL MANUAL INPUT CONTROL | |
| SELECT NO. AC:3Z ALM:0 PALM:0 FLT:0 | DIS:0 |

Figure 62: The Manual Input Control Menu



Press

IN A PANEL: Enter the I/O Controller number then the input number. This will display the description for the input and its current state, you can then turn the input ON or OFF or remove manual control.

ON A LOOP: Enter the loop number, the device number and the input number. This will display the description for the input and its current state, you can then turn the input ON or OFF or remove manual control.

② **IN LOCAL BRIGADE CARD:** Will bring up the list and status of the Brigade card Inputs. These can then be manually turned on and off with the exception off the MCP configured input

| BRIGADE INPUT CONTROL | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------|--|--|
| INPUT 1: (MCP) INPUT 2: (EVACUATE) INPUT 3: (EXTERNAL FLT) INPUT 4: (RESET) SELECT INPUT NO. TO CHAN | OFF /NORM OFF /NORM OFF /NORM | | | |
| AC:2Z ALM:0 PALM:0 | | DIS:0 | | |

Figure 63: Brigade Input Controls

3 Remove All Manual Input Control: Will remove all manual input control.

① Output Selected: Same sequences as above for inputs but substitute outputs for inputs.

Remove All Manual Control Selected: Globally removes all manual control.



8.7 Global (Network Panels)

Press **6** To display the Global Output Control menu

| GLOBAL OUTPUT CONTROL | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--------|--------|-------|--|
| | UTPUT G SYSTEM | | OUTPUT | | |
| SELECT NO. | | | | | |
| AC:3Z | ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 | |

Figure 64: The Global Output Control Menu

Press

(1) FWRE OUTPUT:

Provides control to disable or enable the FWRE outputs. Press

0 ENABLE

DISABLE

FARE OUTPUT:

Provides control to disable or enable the FARE outputs. Press

0 ENABLE

DISABLE

WARNING SYSTEM OUTPUT:

Provides control to disable or enable the warning system outputs. Press

0 ENABLE

DISABLE



8.8 Passwords (Level III)

Press

6 While in the Main Functions menu and enter the Level III Password if in Access Level II or, if in Access Level II to display the Password Menu.

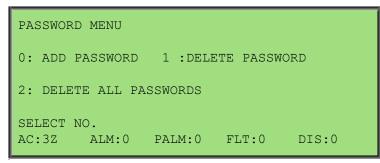


Figure 65: The Password Menu

O Add Password: Enter the new password, then press **Enter**. The password is always a 4 digit number.

① Delete Password: Enter the password that you want to delete, then press

Delete All Passwords: This asks you to confirm that you want to delete all the passwords. Press then then again.

3 Zone / Device Mode: This sets the mode in which Alarms, Faults, Pre-Alarms and Disables status information will be displayed. "Zone" is the default setting.



8.9 Programming

Press **7** To display the Level III Programming Menu.

| ON SITE PROGRAMMI | NG MENU |
|---|--------------------|
| 0: CONV ZONE 1 :D 4: PANEL BASED MC 6:ZONE PROGRAMMIN | |
| SELECT NO. AC:3Z ALM:0 | PALM:0 FLT:0 DIS:0 |

Figure 66: Programming Menu

8.9.1 Conv (Conventional) Zone

Press (O) CONV ZONE:



Key in the zone number and enter or change the description (**DESC**) by pressing buttons to move the flashing underline or curser. The numeric buttons multiple times to access characters while at the same time using

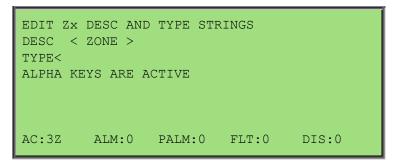


Figure 67: Zone Description & Type Programming

Press to move to the **TYPE** field or edit the information.

Press to move between fields use the reciprocal button

By going through all the fields a second screen can also be accessed to show the Output options. Press

✓ to step through these fields.



| | GADE OPTIONS AN BELL: Y/N AUX | | SPRK: | Y/N | |
|---|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-----|--|
| ALF: 1/N ALARM LED: Y/N CONFIG: LATCHING Use < or > to change setting | | | | | |
| AC:3Z AL | M:0 PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 | | |

Figure 68: Brigade Options



The buttons are used to set the Y/N field, which is the selected Zone that will activate the Brigade Options ALRM, BELL etc and Config.

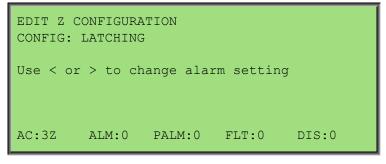


Figure 69: Zone Configuration Latching / Non-latching



Configuration settings are Latching, Non-Latching, AVF, Self Reset (0 to 99 seconds). After setting the Configuration the ZONE I/O GROUPS are programmed.

| EDIT Z I | /O GROUP | S | | | |
|-----------------|----------|--------|---------|-------|--|
| GROUP1: | GROU | P2: | GROUP3: | | |
| GROUP4: | GROU | P5: | GROUP6: | | |
| Enter GROUP NO. | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| AC:3Z | ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 | |

Figure 70: Zone I/O Groups

After scrolling through the groups and entering what I/O GROUPS will be turned on by what module/s or

device/s in a zone/s the operator is prompted to press to confirm the entries and / or changes.



MAN 2995-11

| 8.9.2 | Device |
|-------|--------|

| Press ① DEVICE: | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Use these buttons to EDIT and move through wording & numbering | | | | | |
| Use these buttons to MOVE between fields i.e.: DESC & TYPE and next parameter | | | | | |
| Enter the and DEVICE number then scroll through the following screens. | | | | | |
| Press or Press | | | | | |
| ① To EDIT or ① to DELETE | | | | | |
| 1. EDIT LxSx DESCRIPTION AND TYPE STRING. Edit then. Press e.g.: DESC Loop 1 Sensor 1 | | | | | |
| TYPE SMOKE | | | | | |
| 2. Allocate / Edit the Device to a Zone and set the device type then. Press e.g.: XP95 Photo, XP95 Heat etc- | | | | | |
| <i>3.</i> Set /Edit and display the Output Configurations or options then. <i>Press</i> e.g.: Latching, AVF, Non-latching etc | | | | | |
| 4. Set / Edits and enables / disables the day/night settings then. Press | | | | | |
| 5. Allocates / Edits the Loop and Devices Groups. | | | | | |
| After scrolling through the groups a prompt tells the operator to press to confirm the changes. | | | | | |



8.9.3 Input

Press 2 INPUT:

By following the screen prompts as above Edit or Delete an **INPUT** in a panel or a loop.

Screen: PROGRAM MENU SELECTING AN INPUT

| © IN A PANEL | ① ON A LOOP |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| I/O MODULE | LOOP |
| Select I/O MODULE NO. then | Select LOOP NO. then |
| INPUT | DEVICE |
| Select I/P NO then | Select DEVICE NO. then |
| EDIT / DELETE DESC | INPUT |
| | Select INPUT NO. then button |
| ALPHA BUTTONS ARE ACTIVE | EDIT Lx Sx I/Px DESC STRING DESC |

8.9.4 Output

Press ③ OUTPUT:

By following the screen prompts as above Add, Edit or Delete an output in a panel or on a loop.

8.9.5 Panel Based MCP

Press ④ to EDIT

8.9.6 Sub Address

Press (5) to EDIT

8.9.7 Watchdog

Press 6 This Function provides a counter to record any re-initialisation of the processor. If due to a software failure the panel is automatically reset then the counter will increment by 1. The maximum count

is 99 after which the counter resets to 00. Pressing O will reset the counter. When the panel is commissioned this counter **MUST** be reset to 0 as must be the **Events Logs**.



8.9.8 Zone programming

Note: The panel Zone programming described below is in its basic form. For complex Zone programming that requires Dependency A, B, C or Delays to Outputs the Configmanager Plus programming application is required. Refer to MAN3016 Configmanager manual for details as specific Sounder Functions will be required to be configured for the Zone Activations to work as intended.

Press ⑦ to EDIT

Key in the zone number and select the

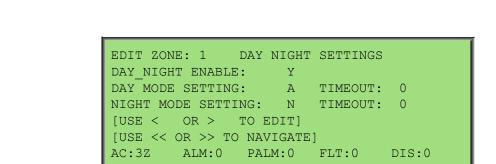
Enter or change the description (**DESCR**) by pressing buttons to move the flashing underline or curser. Press the numeric buttons multiple times to access characters.

kev.

ENTER

| | | DESC STR DESCRIPT | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------|-------|--|
| ALPHA KI | EYS ARE A | CTIVE | | | |
| [USE>> TO EDIT NEXT FIELD] | | | | | |
| AC:3Z | ALM:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 | |

Figure 71: Zone Programming - Description



key to edit the next field (Day Night Settings).

Figure 72: Zone Programming – Day/Night Setting 1

The keys

Press the

J are used to set the:

- Y/N field for the "DAY_NIGHT ENABLE"
- A/B/C/D/N field for the "DAY MODE SETTING" and "NIGHT MODE SETTING where "A, B, C" refers to "Dependency A, B, C" respectively, "D" refers to "Delay to Outputs" and "N" refers to "Normal" (i.e. no mode setting).

The numeric buttons are used to edit the TIMEOUT fields.

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| EDIT ZONE: 1 DAY NIGHT SETTINGS |
|---------------------------------|
| DAY / NIGHT |
| MCP OVERRIDE: N / N |
| DELAY ALARM DEVICE: N / N |
| DELAY FARE: N / N |
| [USE < OR > TO EDIT] |
| [USE << OR >> TO NAVIGATE] |
| AC:3Z ALM:0 PALM:0 FLT:0 DIS:0 |

Figure 73: Zone Programming – Day/Night Setting 2



are used to set the Y/N field for the "MCP OVERRIDE, DELAY ALARM DEVICE,

| EDIT ZONE: | 1 | CONFIRM | ATION | | |
|----------------------|-----|---------|-------|-------|--|
| SELECT ENTER TO SAVE | | | | | |
| AC:3Z AL | M:0 | PALM:0 | FLT:0 | DIS:0 | |

Figure 74: Zone Programming – Confirmation



he key to confirm the changes.



8.9.9 Extra Devices Detected

The *FireFinder PLUS* LCD will indicate extra devices have been detected by displaying the screen below and the FAULT LED will be illuminated.

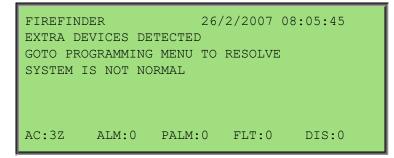


Figure 75: Resolving Extra Modules and Devices

To resolve select **FUNCTION**, enter **PASSWORD**, press **3** and the screen below will appear

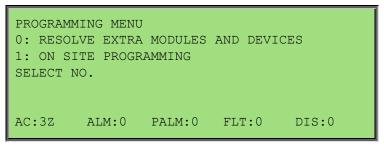


Figure 76: Added Module or Device

Select ① (Selecting ① presents the PROGRAMMING MENU) then ② or ① (as seen below) then ENTER to ADD the module or device to the configuration, or skip to resolve the changes manually in the Programming Menu.

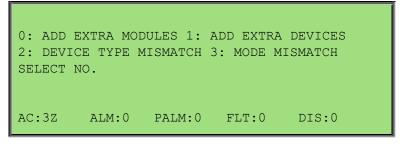


Figure 77: Resolving Extra Modules or Devices

8.9.10 Mismatch Detected

If a mismatch is detected the Normal Default Screen will change to that shown below. Go to the Programming Menu and select either **O** *Resolve Extra Modules and Devices* then **O**

(*Device Type*) or **(***Mode*) to resolve the mismatch, OR On Site Programming to resolve manually.



| Loop 1 Sensor 1 L1 S6 Z1 STAT: TYPE MISMATCH | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| ZONE FAULTS 1 of 1 | | | | |
| | | | | |

Figure 78: Resolving a Mismatch

Self Learn is enabled / disabled in the EEPROM programming. If enabled *FireFinder* PLUS has the ability to detect extra or missing modules or devices, (that is devices or modules that have been added or removed) or there has been a change of the type of module or device.

Note: If a change does occur the FACP will take 30seconds to register the event on the LCD and illuminate the FAULT LED.



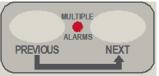
9 Incoming Fire Alarm Signal

- > Will operate the red common LED fire indicator
- Will display location of fire alarm origin on the LCD
- Will activate external alarm.
- ➢ Will activate the internal FACP buzzer.
- > Will activate any ancillary equipment so programmed.

information and fault or disablement information is available via the

Will abort any test in progress.

The LCD will always display the first fire alarm signal received in the top section of the LCD. The lower section of the LCD will also permanently display the most recent zone in alarm. Other essential fire alarm



buttons.

After 30 seconds if no button is pressed the top section of the display will revert to displaying the first zone in alarm.

| FIRST ALARM: L1 D1 Z1 15:31 |
|--|
| D.DSC:Loop 1 Sensor 1 |
| Z.DCS:Zone 1 |
| LAST ALARM: L4 D49 Z5 15:31 |
| D.DSC:Loop 4 Sensor 49 |
| Z.DCS:Zone 5 Depend C |
| PRESS PREVIOUS/NEXT TO VIEW OTHER ALARMS |
| AC:2Z ALM:5 PALM:0 FLT:0 DIS:0 |
| |

Figure 79: LCD Screen with 5 Devices in Alarm

Note: The displayed information changes to that associated with the device as the presence of the push buttons are pressed. If there is a fault condition or a fire alarm and the buzzer is sounding, press the button to stop it sounding



10 Accessing a Loop, Device or Zone

10.1 LOOP OR DEVICE (Access Level 2)

- From the default display, press
- > Enter the loop number you wish to interrogate then press
- Press the button for the device number.
- Press the button if you wish to access a range of devices on the loop,

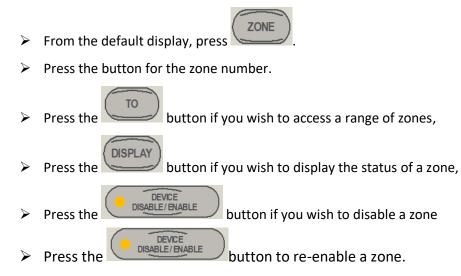
LOOP

DEVICE

- Press the DISPLAY button if you wish to display the status of a device,
- Press the
 Disable/ENABLE
 button if you wish to disable a device
- Press the
 Disable/Evable
 button to re-enable a device.

The second secon

10.2 ZONE (Access Level 2)





11 Modem / Programming / Debug Interfacing

The modem I/O port is a Dual DB9 connector (CN8 situated on the lower left hand corner of the Main Board BRD86MBA) that is normally used for programming of the FACP via the serial port of a PC or Laptop. There is also a USB connector (CN25) provided to allow programming of the FACP from a USB port of a PC. The Controller also has the required hand shaking to support connection to a Modem, thus allowing the FACP to be programmed from a remote site that has an established telephone connection. This allows the system software to be upgraded by simply transmitting a file via the serial port of the PC or Modem external to the FACP. Diagnostic facilities are also available via the same connection.

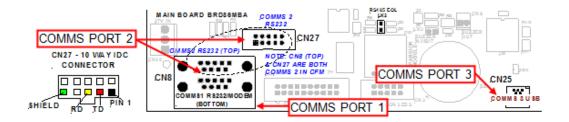


Figure 80: DB9 Connector CN8 as Mounted on the Main Board

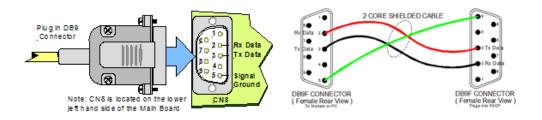


Figure 81: Modem / Programming / Debug Cabling



Figure 82: USB cable Type A Male Plug - Type B 5-Pin Mini Plug

Note: Debug/Notebook cables are available from AMPAC

Note: the DB9F to DB9F cable is not sensitive to which end is plugged in to the **FireFinder PLUS** or serial port of the PC or vice versa.

The connections between the PC/Modem and the panel are crossed. i.e. TD connects to RD.

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Make sure the *ConfigManagerPlus* program is set to use the port you have connected the cable to and set up the configuration as follows:

| Bits per second: | 115200 |
|------------------|--------|
| Data bits: | 8 |
| Parity: | None |
| Stop bits: | 1 |
| Flow Control: | None |



12 Expanding the FACP with Compatible FireFinder PLUS Boards

12.1 Ancillary Services

The FACP has been designed such that detectors and/or call points, in addition to giving an alarm and calling the fire brigade, will close or open circuits of ancillary services by means of relays or similar devices.

Examples of these services are:

- Actuation of fixed fire-extinguishing systems
- Closing of windows, smoke and fire doors
- Control of ventilating systems
- Covering of tanks containing flammable liquids and controlling their valves to isolate the contents from direct contact with the fire, etc.

To facilitate safe maintenance of these services an option is available that allows for the isolation and visual indication of the disablement of ancillary services that does not affect the normal operation of the fire alarm system.

To ensure power to the fire alarm system is not prejudiced in any way, power for the ancillary services must be included in the calculation of the power supply and battery capacity.



12.2 Compatible FireFinder PLUS Boards

| Add- On Module / Board | Max No |
|--|-------------------|
| Brigade Board * | 1 Per Controller |
| 8 Zone Conventional Card * | 15 per Controller |
| 32 Zone Alarm Mimic Card * | 15 per Controller |
| 8 Way Relay Board ** | 15 per Controller |
| Smart terminal ** | 31 per Controller |
| Agent release module ** | 8 per Controller |
| 4 way Fire Fan Module with Reset ** | 15 per Controller |
| 4 way Fan Control (Loop driven) ** | 15 per Controller |
| 8 way Switch and Indicator Card ** | 15 per Controller |
| 16 Way Input Board ** | 15 per Controller |
| High Level Interface Expander ** | 3 per Controller |
| 8 Way Sounder Board ** | 15 per Controller |
| Zone Control Card ** | 15 Per Controller |
| Conventional Network Board ** | 1 Per Controller |
| Printer ** | 1 per Controller |
| Expansion Board ** | 1 per Controller |
| Network Interface Card ** | 1 per Controller |
| Apollo / Dual Loop Termination Board * | 8 Per Controller |
| Communication Extender Board ** | 1 per Controller |

Note: The Max Numbers of modules/boards that can be installed and configured within the FACP depends on the cabinet size and the number of Panels in the System.

Note: * denotes LPCB approved modules. ** denotes modules that may operate or function outside the requirements of EN54-2.

Note: *Refer to individual Product datasheets and installation guides for complete details.*



12.3 Expansion Board

The Expansion Connection Board (BRD86FEPB) is used to increase the capacity of the controller from 4 Slave CPU's to 8 allowing Loops 5 - 8 to be configured. Connection from the Controller to the Expansion Board, which must be mounted within 200mm of the Controller, is made via a 20 way flat cable Slave CPU number 5 is an integral part of the Expansion Board, only Slave CPU's 6, 7 and 8 are plug ins.

Connections

| CN1 | To Main Connection Board | |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| CN2 | To Slave CPU 2 | |
| CN3 | To Slave CPU 3 | |
| CN4 | To Slave CPU 4 | |
| CN5 | On board Slave CPU | |

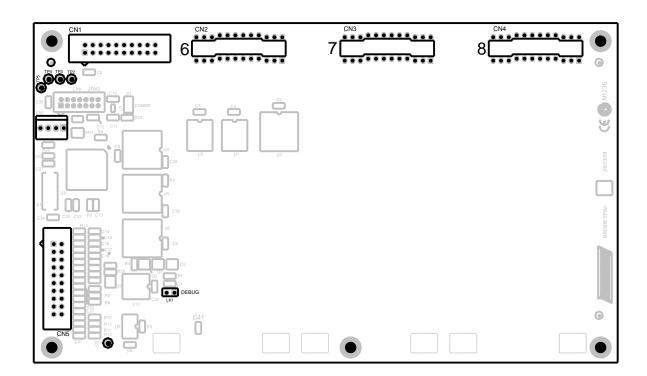


Figure 83: Board Overlay



12.48 Zone Conventional Board

This board (BRD43EZC) has 8 conventional zones. Up to 999 zones max may be configured.

The zones may be used in panel programming and Input / Output programming.

The end of line type used for the board is configurable to be any one of the following:

- 3k3 resistor
- 10uF bipolar capacitor (EN54 Default)
- 4k7 resistor
- 6k8 resistor
- > 10k resistor

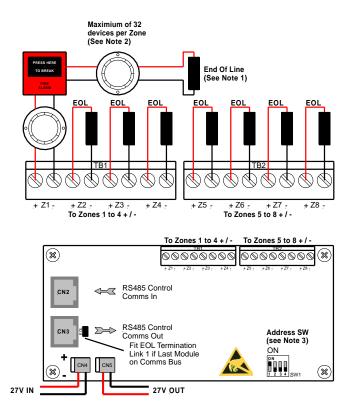


Figure 84: 8 Zone Conventional Board

Connections

| Terminal/s | Function | |
|------------|----------|-------------|
| | ZONE + | |
| TB1 to 2 | ZONE - | Zones1 to 8 |

The **Note 1:** Each Zone circuit MUST be terminated with either a 3K3, 4K7, 6K8, 10K Ohm resistor or 10uF 50V Bi-Polar Capacitor EOL

The Note 2: If Diode Bases are used ONLY the 10uF CAP can be used.

Tote 3: See Section 18 for Addressing Details (SW1)



12.5 32 Zone Alarm Mimic Card

Each card (BRD43ZAMC) has 32 bi-coloured LED's which can be used to display the status of up to 32 Zones. The zone numbers assigned to each LED are configurable and the LED's will operate in the following manner for the respective zone statuses:

| ZONE STATUS | LED STATE | LED COLOUR |
|--------------|-----------|------------|
| FIRE | ON STEADY | RED |
| DEPENDENCY B | FLASH | RED |
| DISABLED | ON STEADY | YELLOW |
| FAULT | FLASH | YELLOW |
| ALL OTHER | OFF | n/a |

The card will also respond to a lamp test when instigated on the panel to which it is connected.

| ZONE 1 ZONE 9 | ZONE 17 ZONE 25 | ZONE 33 ZONE 41 | ZONE 49 ZONE 57 |
|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|
| ZONE 2 OZONE 10 | ZONE 18 ZONE 26 | ZONE 34 ZONE 42 | ZONE 50 ZONE 58 |
| ZONE 3 💿 ZONE 11 | ZONE 19 ZONE 27 | ZONE 35 CONE 43 | ZONE 51 ZONE 59 |
| ZONE 4 OZONE 12 | ZONE 20 ZONE 28 | ZONE 36 O ZONE 44 O | ZONE 52 SONE 60 |
| ZONE 5 OZONE 13 | ZONE 21 ZONE 29 | ZONE 37 O ZONE 45 O | ZONE 53 SZONE 61 |
| ZONE 6 OZONE 14 | ZONE 22 ZONE 30 | ZONE 38 ZONE 46 | ZONE 54 SONE 62 |
| ZONE 7 💿 ZONE 15 🕯 | ZONE 23 ZONE 31 | ZONE 39 ZONE 47 | ZONE 55 ZONE 63 |
| ZONE 8 SONE 16 | ZONE 24 ZONE 32 | ZONE 40 ZONE 48 | ZONE 56 ZONE 64 |
| | | | |

Figure 85: 64 Zone Indicator Decal

When more than 64 zone indicators are required or Zone LEDs are required in the SP1X cabinet to meet the requirements of EN54.2, the Zone Mimic Module can be fitted to the individual Cut Outs provided on the SP8X and SP1X inner doors.

| | | DEC1515-T2 |
|--|----|------------|
| | | |
| | DC | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | DC | |

Figure 86: 4310-0086 32 Zone Indicator Module (See LAB1516.doc for Slip in Label)



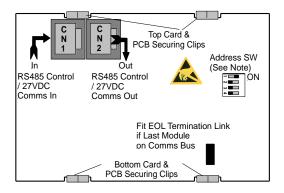


Figure 87: Zone Alarm Mimic Card Rear View showing connectors and Address Switch

Note: See Section 18 for Addressing Details (SW1)

12.68 Way Switch and Indicator Card

This card (BRD25GIB-B) has 8 switch inputs and 8 LED indicator outputs.

The switch inputs and LED outputs may be used in Input Output programming.

The switches are configurable as either momentary or toggle switches. When configured as momentary pressing the button once will cause an event to occur as programmed in I/O and the LED's can be programmed to operate as an output.

When configured as toggle, pressing the button once will cause a condition to be held until the button is pressed again. The associated LED is not available as an output in and shall always be illuminated when the toggle condition is active. Also, when configured as a toggle, there shall be an option for a timer override. If the toggle switch is activated it shall be de-activated automatically after the timeout period.

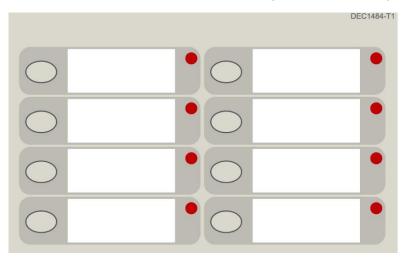


Figure 88: DEC1484-T1 8 Way Switch and Indicator Card Decal (See LAB1483.doc for Slip in Label)



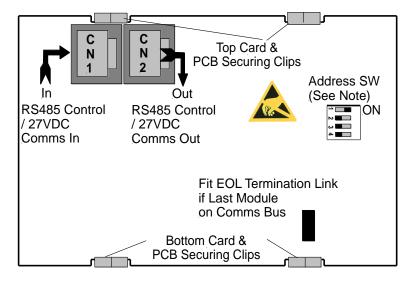


Figure 89: 8 Way Switch and Indicator Card Rear View showing connectors and Address Switch

Note: See Section 18 for Addressing Details (SW1)



12.7 16 Way Input Board

The 16 Way Input Board (BRD25SIP) makes provision for 16 voltage free contacts to be terminated to 16 optically coupled inputs. Its application is primarily for the monitoring of controlled ancillary equipment or to initiate an action / event due to a change of state from what is accepted as the norm.

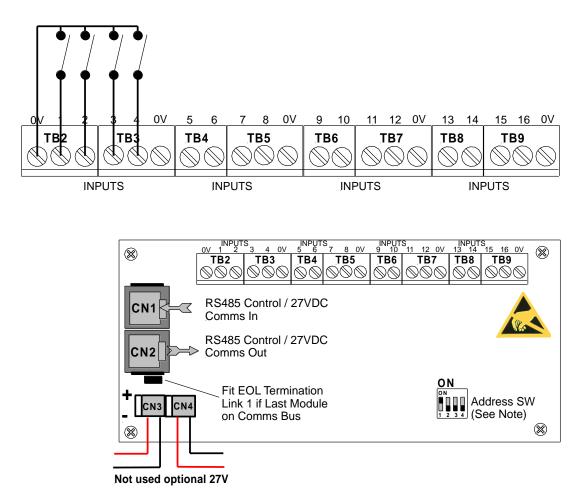


Figure 90: Typical Input Wiring and Board Layout Front View showing connectors and Address Switch

| Terminal/s | Function | |
|------------|--|----------------|
| TB2 to 9 | Taking note of the Common Ov terminals connect the voltage free contacts as shown above. | Inputs 1 to 16 |

The see Section 18 for Addressing Details (SW1)



12.88 Way Relay Board

The Relay Board (BRD25EWRB) provides 8 programmable relays with 30VDC 1 Amp voltage free change over contacts for control or monitoring purposes and comes fitted for internal or external FACP use.

The functionality and programming of the relays is similar to the relays on the main board of the FACP. By default the relays default to Common Alarm functionality.

All terminal points are protected.

The board switches the relays as determined by the panel. The relays can be controlled by:

- Zones Alarm
- ➢ Group Alarm
- > Device Alarm
- Internal Output
- Panel Output
- Loop Output
- Panel Input
- Loop Input
- Reset relay is activated for 3 seconds when reset depressed

12.8.1 Internal Relay Board

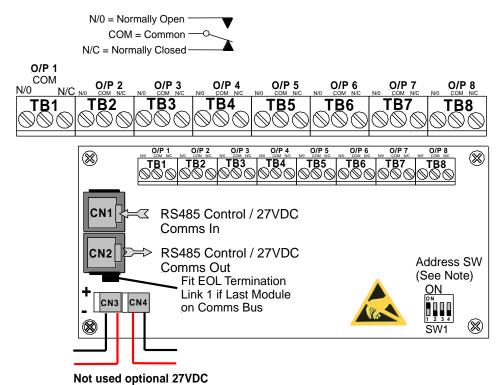


Figure 91: Internal 8 Way Relay Board Front View showing connectors and Address Switch



Relay Connections

| Terminal/s | Function | |
|------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| | N/O = Normally Open, | |
| TB1 to 8 | C = Common | Relay 1 to 8 |
| | N/C = Normally Closed | |

Note: See Section 18 or Addressing Details (SW1)



12.8.2 Remote Relay Board

In the remote version the Comms In and Out Terminal Block TB9 is cabled to the RS485 Comms terminal block TB1on the Communications Extender Board (see section 5.12) and can be installed up to 1.2kms from the FACP.

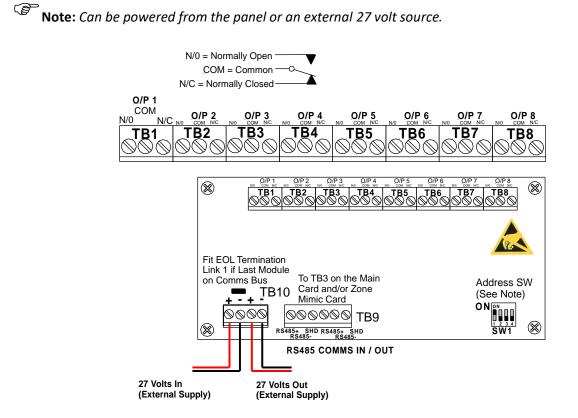


Figure 92: Remote 8 Way Relay Board Front View showing connectors and Address Switch

Relay Connections

| Terminal/s | Function | |
|------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| | N/O = Normally Open, | |
| TB1 to 8 | C = Common | Relay 1 to 8 |
| | N/C = Normally Closed | |

Communications Connections

| Terminal | Function | |
|----------|----------|--------------------|
| | RS485+ | |
| ТВ9 | RS485- | Communications In |
| | Shield | |
| | RS485+ | |
| ТВ9 | RS485- | Communications Out |
| | Shield | |

Note: See Section 18 for Addressing Details (SW1)



12.98 Way Sounder Board

The Sounder Board (BRD25SOP) expands the number of sounders that can be used on an FACP by 8. Each output is of a solid state design, rated at 24VDC / 750mA and requires a $10K\Omega$ End of Line (EOL) resistor regardless of whether or not a sounder is wired to the circuit.

The sounder board will switch ON the sounders as configured (output off, continuous or pulsed) at the FACP and supervise the sounders for their open circuit, short circuit & line fault conditions.

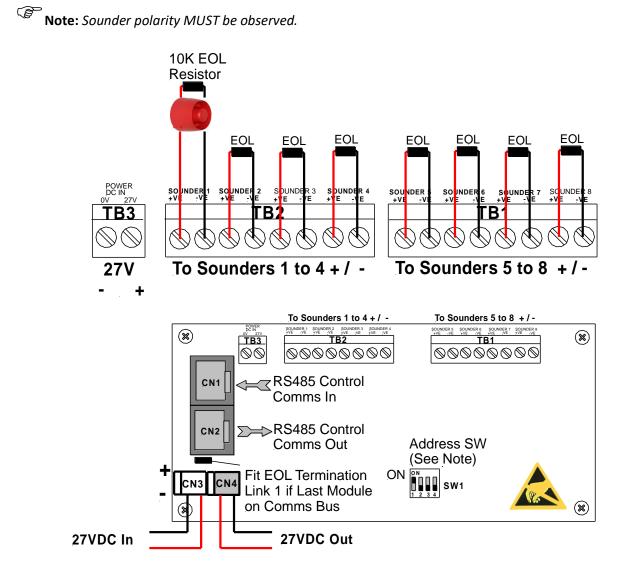


Figure 93: 8 Way Sounder Board Front View showing connectors and Address Switch

Maximum Current per Output: 750mA.

A +27VDC external power supply feed is required

In addition filtering and protection devices are used to reject transients.



Connections

| Terminal/s | Function | |
|------------|----------|----------------|
| | +ve | Sounder 1 to 8 |
| TB1 to 2 | -Ve | Sounder 1 to 8 |
| трр | 0V | Power DC IN |
| ТВЗ | 27V | Power DC IN |

*** Note:** See Section 18 for Addressing Details (SW1)

12.104 Way Fire Fan Module

The Fire Fan Module (BRD25FCB) has four (4) separate fan controls each having an On, Auto and Off function switch and a set of three (3) monitoring LED's. The LED's indicate the status of the equipment e.g. Run, Fault or Stop. The two (2) arrow head buttons are used to step up and / or down through the three (3) conditions. A slip in label can also be inserted into the hinged cover for identification purposes.

The "Plant Trip" Reset is used to locally restart plant and equipment that has been automatically shut down because the FACP has initiated an alarm once that alarm has been cleared.

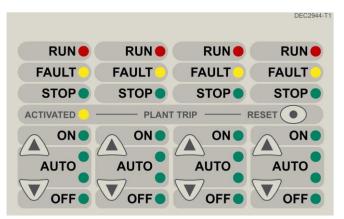


Figure 94: DEC2944-T1 4 Way Fire Fan Module (Slip in label fitted see LAB1486.doc)

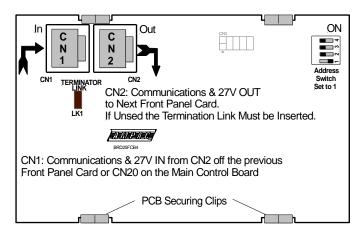


Figure 95: 4 Way Fire Fan Module Rear View showing connectors and Address Switch

Note: See Section 18 for Addressing Details (SW1)

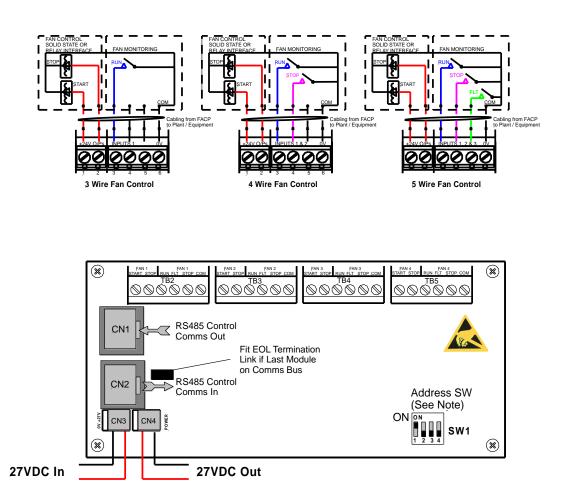


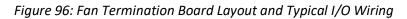
12.114 Way Fan Termination Board

The Fan Termination Board (BRD25FTB) interfaces between the Fire Fan Module and the plant/equipment it controls via the 24 volt 250mA Start, Stop, current limited, relay outputs and monitor inputs. Programmable monitoring of the field equipment is achieved using 0 volts as an input level to indicate run, fault and stop conditions of that equipment. Monitoring is programmed in the Function Menu for a 3, 4 or 5 Wire Start / Stop, Run, Fault, Stop & Common functions. The inputs are protected by way of resettable transorbs and resistive / capacitive networks.

Connections

| Terminals | Function | Function | |
|------------|----------|-------------|--|
| | Start | | |
| | Stop | | |
| TB2 to TB5 | Run | FANS 1 to 4 | |
| | FLT | FANS I to 4 | |
| | Stop | | |
| | Com | | |





Note: See Section 18 for Addressing Details (SW1)



12.12 Communications Extender Board

The Communications Extender Board (BRD82LTB-C) is mounted inside the FACP and provides protected RS485 communications and 27VDC to the *SmartTerminal* Termination Board/s and LCD/s and LED Mimics.

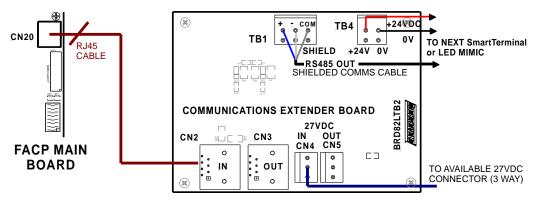


Figure 97: Communications Extender Board PCB Layout

12.13 SmartTerminal

SmartTerminal connects to the *FireFinder Plus* Fire Alarm Control Panel (FACP) via the RS485 Communications Extender Board. Generally it is designed to be used anywhere where the status of the FACP is required to be monitored by local personnel and limited control is required.

SmartTerminal has been designed for use with the *FireFinder PLUS* series of FACP's.

- Buzzer and system Reset.
- System expansion capabilities / options:
- A wide range of secure user functions. This includes the ability to disable / re-enable a large number of system functions.
- > Flush or surface mountable enclosure.
- > Controls have tactile and audible feedback of operation.
- All terminals cater for 2.5mm cables.

12.13.1 Overview

SmartTerminal consists of two PCBs;

- 1. SmartTerminal Termination Board. A Termination Board is mounted in each SmartTerminal to protect and interface the RS485 communications and 27VDC supply to the LCD Board
- 2. BRD82ZICC Control, LCD Communications and LCD Driver Board

Note: A maximum of 30 **SmartTerminal's** may be connected to the communications bus over a distance of approximately 1.2Kms



12.13.2 Mechanical

SmartTerminal is supplied in an ABS cabinet and consists of;

The Main Card, with all controls and indicators mounted directly onto it

- 1 X Termination Board
- 2 X ABS door keys
- > 2 X 003 Enable / Disable keys
- > 2 X Jumper links
- > 2A Power Supply only if internally powered

The front door of the ABS version is locked by way of two clips on the right hand side of the cabinet. A special locating key which has two raised pins that are inserted into the side of the cabinet unlocks the door.

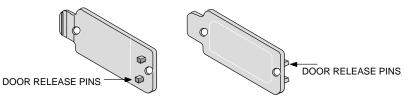


Figure 98: ABS Door Key and Front Panel Add On Card Surround Release Clip

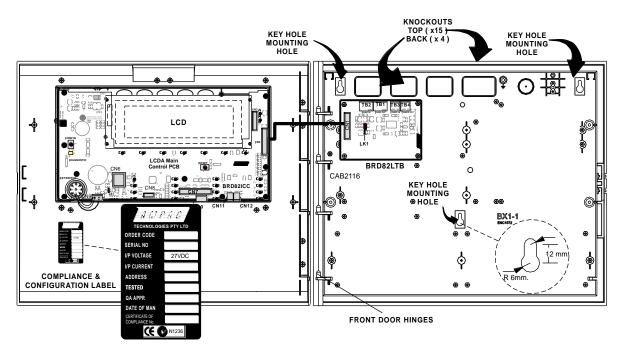


Figure 99: Typical Layout (Externally Powered) and Location of Keyholes



12.13.3 Installation & Cabling

SmartTerminal is connected to the FACP as shown below.

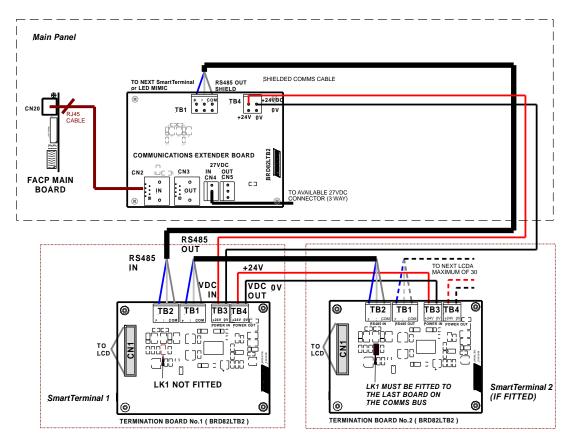


Figure 100: Connecting SmartTerminal's to the FACP

12.13.4 Setting the SmartTerminal Address

Open the front door; locate the "CONFIG" button situated on the left hand side of the PCB and press for 3 seconds. The buzzer and "Config" LED will double beep and flash respectively to indicate that the Configuration mode has been entered. The LCD will now display the Configuration screen. This screen consists of the code version number, current address and four adjustment markers. These markers A-, A+, C-, and C+ are used to indicate the buttons that adjust the address and LCD contrast.

Use the "PREVIOUS (A-) and NEXT" (A+) buttons to select the desired address. The default value for this address is 255 which is not a valid SmartTerminal address. The user must then select an address value from 1 to 30, i.e. the same address as that set in the FACP. The buttons corresponding to C- (SILENCE BUZZER) and C+ (RESET) are used in a similar manner to decrease and increase the LCD contrast level. There is audible feedback for all button presses.

Once the address has been set press the "CONFIG" button again for 3 seconds and the screen will return to its default and the "DIAGNOSTIC" LED will return to a slow flash. This slow flash indicates SmartTerminal and the FACP are communicating normally i.e. the LED flashes if communications data is being received from the FACP.

Note: If the address is not set within the time out period of approximately 75 seconds **SmartTerminal** will return to its previous state.



12.13.5 Operation

The operation of *SmartTerminal* can be considered to be in one of three states, these are;

- 1. Power up when the *SmartTerminal* is initialising
- 2. Normal when the *SmartTerminal* address has been set and is communicating with the FACP, reporting normal / abnormal conditions and controlling the FACP via the front panel controls
- 3. Fault where the *SmartTerminal* is in fault and/or is unable to communicate with the FACP.

Power Up

The LCD displays a message telling the operator *SmartTerminal* is being powered up and that the hardware is being initialized. Once the hardware has been successfully initialized set the address and *SmartTerminal* should automatically transition to the normal state. Should a failure occur on power up press the "RESET" button located on the LCD PCB and check the address is correct.

Normal

The Normal state is entered from the "Power-up" or a return from the "Fault" state and is displayed on the LCD if the *SmartTerminal* is communicating with the FACP and operating correctly. In this state the front panel Power indicator is illuminated.

Fault

SmartTerminal enters the Fault state upon;

- > A hardware failure
- > LCD module failure or
- A loss of communications with the FACP (indicated by the "DIAGNOSTIC" LED not flashing and the "no communications " message being displayed)

In a Fault condition the front panel NORMAL indicator is extinguished and the details of the fault are displayed on the LCD. The FACP will also indicate a fault in a similar manner.

Access levels

There are two levels of access.

Access level 1 only the silence buzzer, previous, next and override front panel controls are operative. All other controls operate in access level 2.

Access level 2 is entered when the key-switch is in the ENABLED position.



Figure 101: Keyswitch showing Disabled / Enabled Positions



12.13.6 SmartTerminal Controls and Indicators

All controls, except for the controls Enable / Disable Keyswitch, are of a momentary push button style and operate in exactly the same way as does the FACP itself.

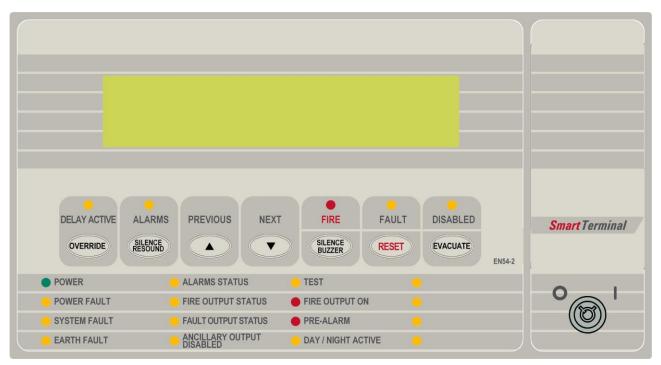


Figure 102: SmartTerminal Front Panel Layout

12.13.7 SmartTerminal Screen Format

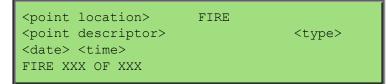
There are 3 events that can be reported and displayed by *SmartTerminal*. The types of event are;

- ≻ Fire
- Faults and
- Disables.

The types of events are only associated with devices and detectors hence faults associated with modules, loops O/C - S/C, power supplies and so forth are not reported on the LCD.

The *SmartTerminal* has front panel indicators for each type of event. When *SmartTerminal* is configured not to report a type of event and that event type is present (and the corresponding front panel indicator is illuminated on the *SmartTerminal*), then a standard information screen is displayed on the LCD stating the system is not normal and the operator should see the FACP.

Alarm: If configured the screen format for reporting loop / device / zone fire condition is:





Fault: If configured the screen format for reporting loop / device / zone fault condition is:



Note: The fault types only relate to devices.

In the event of a loss of communications, for a period of greater than 15 seconds the *SmartTerminal* will default to the No Communications screen. The format for this screen is:



Device Isolate / Disables: If configured the screen format for reporting loop / device / zone disable condition is:



Pre-alarm: If configured the screen format for reporting loop / device / zone Pre-alarm condition is:

| <pre><point location=""> PRE-ALARM</point></pre> | |
|--|---------------|
| <point descriptor=""></point> | <type></type> |
| <date> <time></time></date> | |
| PRE-ALARM XXX OF XXX | |
| | |

Normal / Default: The format for reporting that everything is normal is:

| <date> <time></time></date> | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| <system status=""></system> | |

The default screen is only displayed when there are no device alarms, device faults or device disables present on the system.

The highest priority current system status will be displayed and can be one of the following listed in order of highest to lowest priority:

"SYSTEM ALARM"

"SYSTEM PRE-ALARM"

"SYSTEM FAULT"

"SYSTEM ISOLATE"

"SYSTEM NORMAL"

Config: The Config screen displays the following.



| VX.X Addre | (software | version | number |
|---------------|-----------|----------|--------|
| | | A- A+ C- | - C+ |

A - , A + : adjusts the address 1 to 30, 30 being the maximum number of *SmartTerminal's* that can be connected to the FACP, (default is 255 which is not a valid address).

The function buttons perform the following;

A – Press "Previous" A+ press "Next"

C - C+: decreases [-] and increases [+] the LCD contrast level.

The function buttons perform the following;

C – Press "Silence Buzzer" C+ press "Reset"



12.14 Printer

Specifications

- Printing method: directed impact dot matrix
- Interface: 8 bit parallel interface
- Printing mechanism: 4/6 pin shuttle
- Interface port: 26 PIN flat plug

12.14.1 Indicators and Buttons

The front panel has an LED indicator and two buttons SEL (SELECT), LF (LINE FEED).

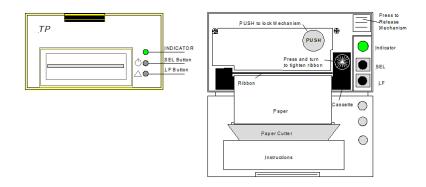


Figure 103: Printer Front Panel Layout (Front Cover Closed / Open)

Indicator

When the 3 colour LED indicator is illuminated;

- Red indicates the printer is offline with no paper;
- Green indicates the printer is On Line;
- > Yellow indicates the printer is On Line with no paper; or if it is
- > Off indicates the printer is Off Line or the printer is busy.

SEL Button

a) On Line / Off Line State

The printer enters the On Line state automatically when power is applied or on exiting from the Self-Test mode. (LED is green).

Press the SEL button, the LED is turned off and the printer goes Off Line.

Press the SEL button again, the LED turns on and the printer is On Line again.

Note: The printer will not receipt data when the printer is off line.

b) Pausing the Printer While It Is Printing.

Press the SEL button while the printer is printing, the printer will pause and enter the Off Line mode after it finishes printing the row it was currently printing. The printer will continue to print when the SEL button is pressed again.



c) Enter the HEX-DUMP mode

Remove power from the printer, press the SEL button, then reconnect the printer to the power supply. The printer will enter the HEX-DUMP mode. In this mode any programs sent from the host CPU will be printed out in Hexadecimal.

LF Button

While the printer is Off Line press and hold the LF button, paper feed will be initiated. Release the LF button and the paper feed will be cancelled.

Self-Test Mode

With power applied (green LED illuminated) push the SEL button. This will turn off the LED. Press and hold in the LF button, then press the SEL button again and the printer will enter the Self Test mode. Self-test will print out all the valid characters in the character sets.

Exit the Self-Test Mode:

After printing out the complete Self-Test list the printer will exit the mode automatically; or

Press the SEL button and the printer will immediately exit the Self-Test mode.

12.14.2 Maintenance

Installing the Ribbon Cassette

The printer has a factory loaded ink ribbon cassette. Remove the power from the printer.

Unlock the front cover by pushing down on the tab at the top of the front panel.

Push the mechanism release button in the top right corner to release the print head.

To remove the ribbon cassette gently pull out the left end then the right.

Replace the cassette by putting the right end of the new cassette slightly onto the drive axle then gentle pushing the left end into the clips.

The left end of the cassette can only be pressed in after the right end has been correctly seated onto the drive axle. If alignment is difficult it may be necessary to turn the knob on the cassette slightly. Now check that the ribbon is tight across the face of the cassette, which is on the inside of the cassette and across the paper. Turn the knob clockwise again if the ribbon is on the outside of the cassette.

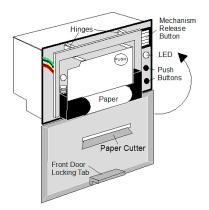


Figure 104: Paper Access



Ribbon Replacement;

Push back the mechanism head and lock it, close the cover of the printer and reconnect the power.

Loading the Paper Roll

Disconnect the power, unlock and open the front cover.

Push down on the mechanism release button in the top right corner to release the head.

Lift the mechanism as shown below.

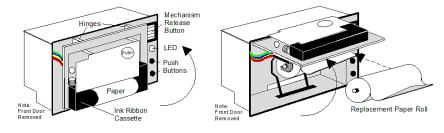


Figure 105: Head Mechanism Rotation and Paper Roll Removal / Insertion

Take out the empty paper roll and roller

Put the new paper roll onto the paper roller and replace as shown above.

Connect to the power supply.

Press the SEL button to take the printer Off Line, (LED is off).

Press the LF button, (paper feed).

Feed the edge of the paper into the mechanism and allow it to feed through.

Once it established the paper is feeding through the head mechanism correctly press the SEL button to stop the paper feed.

Return the printer head to its original position.

Pushing on the affixed label PUSH the head mechanism back into position.

Close the front cover.

Note: Press only on the **PUSH** label to return the head mechanism back into position.

Note: The above instructions are graphically displayed on the inside of the front cover.



12.14.3 Printer Connections and Jumpering

Mounted on the back of the printer mechanism is the PCB that carries the;

- > Connectors for interconnection to the Main Board,
- > Jumper links required to set the programmed print modes; and
- Printer 5 volt DC Power Supply.

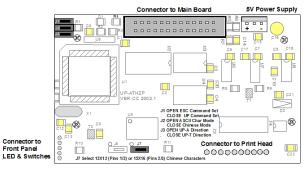


Figure 106: PCB Layout

Jumper Settings

| Designator | Jumper State | Function | |
|------------|--|---|--|
| J1 | NOT Inserted | Selects ESC Commands | |
| | Inserted | Selects UP Commands | |
| J2 Set as | NOT Inserted | Solocts ASCII Character Printing Mode | |
| Default | NOT inserted | Selects ASCII Character Printing Mode | |
| | Inserted | Selects Chinese Character Printing Mode | |
| J3 | NOT Inserted | Select Printing by Contrary Direction | |
| | Inserted | Select printing in the Normal Direction | |
| J7 Set as | Insert the Shorting Clip Between Pins 1 and | Selects the 12 X 12 Font | |
| Default | 2 | | |
| | Insert the Shorting Clip Between Pin 2 and 3 | Selects the 15 X 16 Font | |

12.14.4 Printer 5 Volt Power Supply

27 volts DC is taken from Main Board (BRD86MBA) and fed to CN1 of the 5volt Printer Power Supply Board (BRD42PVCB). It is this board that drops this voltage from 27volts to 5volts for use by the Printer. Mounted to rear of printer

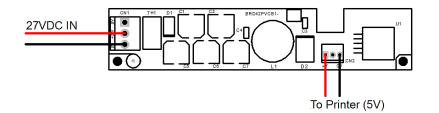


Figure 107: Printer Power Supply Board Layout



13 Expanding the System Through Networking

Expanding the system can be achieved in various ways and requires the use of boards specifically designed for communications purposes and boards that actually expand the system.

13.1 Networking

When FACP's are connected to each other they form a "NETWORK". Individual FACP's in the Network are referred to as NODES. The Network as defined by the limitations of the installation can consist of a number of Nodes, the number of Nodes being dependant on the configuration of each Node. Typically an entire Network could consist of 60 Slave CPU's connected to loops and or input / output devices spread over several nodes. The Network is Peer to Peer with the entire system configuration being stored at each Node. The system is then programmed so that information can be made invisible to particular Nodes or visible to all Nodes. Likewise system commands can be global or restricted to specific parts of the network.

The entire system can be programmed from any Node in the Network and is connected as a data loop which provides redundancy should there be a single cabling fault.

(i) IMPORTANT

While it is important that proper documentation is kept and maintained for any installation it becomes even more important as a system develops into the larger types described above.

13.2 Network Interface Card

The Network Interface Board provides the RS485 communication buses via CN18 on the Main Controller (Loop Comms) to allow the networking of multiple panels in different combinations, e.g. from Data Gathering Panels (DGP) to Peer to Peer panels.

The Bias SW2 defaults to ON. SW2 is only switched to OFF when direct connecting the network to external devices such as Optical Fibre Modems.

The Isolate SW3 Allows the network node to be isolated from the network

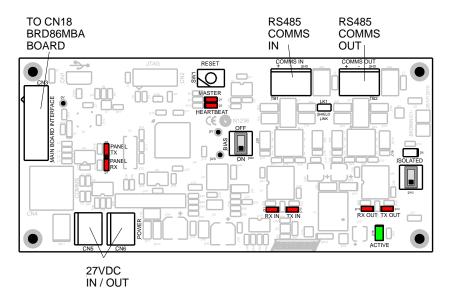


Figure 108: Network Interface Board Layout



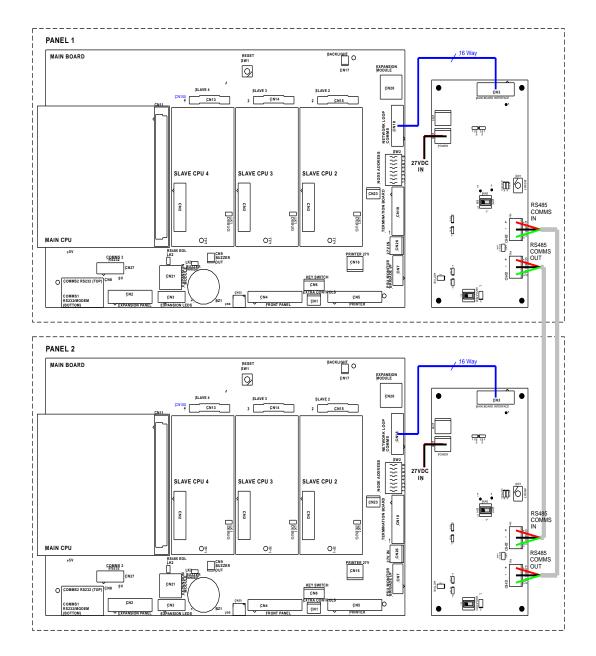


Figure 109: Basic 2 node system using a Network Interface card



13.3 High Level Interface Expander

Hardware

The High Level Interface Expander (BRD43SPB) consists of a serial port under the control of a microcontroller. Communications between the FACP and this board is via the RS485 control bus with each board having a dedicated link and selectable 4 bit address.

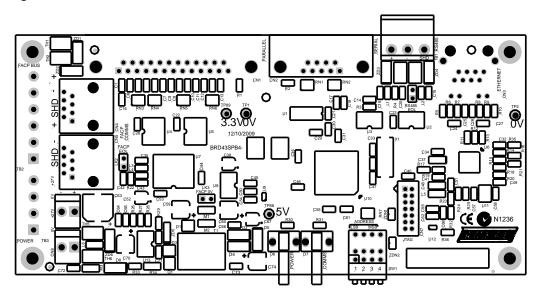


Figure 110: High Level Interface Expander PCB Layout

Software

The Serial/USB port supports the following protocols:-

HLI – Functionality matches the *FireFinder PLUS* panel which supports text or positive ack protocol. Configurable attributes are: logical output, physical output, alarm output, pre-alarm output, fault output, isolate output and descriptors

| SmartGraphics interface - | Serial Port or RS485 Port |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| MODBUS interface - | Serial Port or RS485 Port |
| EV3000 - | RS485 port |
| SMS capability via GSM modem - | Serial or USB port |



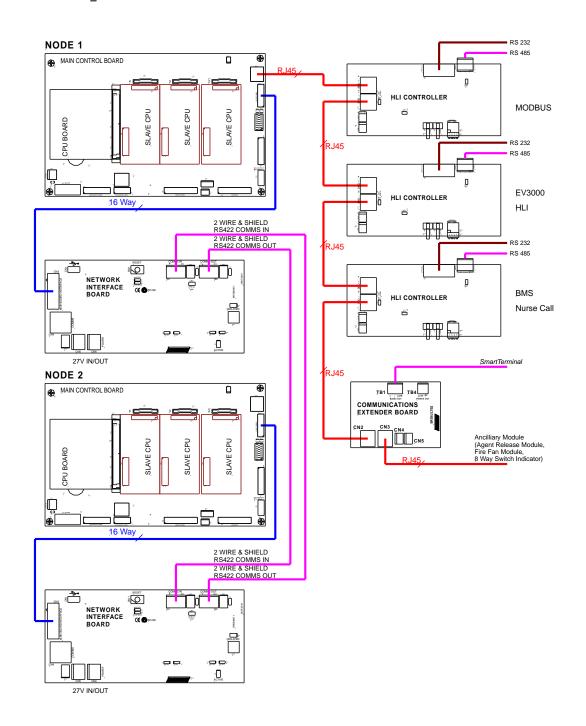


Figure 111: Example of Networking Configurations

Note: Maximum distances between panels = 1.2km.



14 Certification Information

The *FireFinder Plus* is designed and manufactured by:

| AMPAC | PTY LIMITED | STELLOFENTIER |
|----------|---------------------------|---------------|
| | 7 Ledgar Rd | |
| | Balcatta | SGS |
| | WA 6021 | |
| | Western Australia | |
| PH: | 61-8-9201 6100 | |
| FAX: | 61-8-9201 6101 | |
| Manufa | actured to: | |
| Certific | ate of Compliance Number: | |
| Equipm | nent Serial Number: | |
| Date of | Manufacture: | |



15 Maintenance and Troubleshooting Chart

15.1 Maintenance

The *FireFinder PLUS* FACP should be maintained so as to comply with all standards / regulations applicable to the country and location it has been installed. Failure to do so could put at risk compliance and the integrity of the system. As a minimum it is recommended the following be used as a guide to periodic maintenance especially if there is an absence of standards regulations.

General

To implement a site maintenance regime, responsibilities should be established by responsible persons, training implemented if required, maintenance delegates appointed and all outcomes clearly communicated to all parties.

Daily Operations (operator level)

- > The delegated operator checks for normal operation
- If any faults are detected, record them in an established "Site Log Book" and report them to the assigned body.
- Ensure all faults are signed off as they are resolved and follow up on those that are still outstanding.

Monthly Operations (operator level)

- In addition to Daily Operational checks
- > Visually inspect in and around the panel for any signs of pests, moisture or general damage
- > Ensure any non FACP standby power facilities are in a state of operational readiness
- Force a suitable device, such as an MCP or detector, into an alarm state so that it generates a know alarm outcome. This process should be controlled and established in consultation with all interested parties (installing engineers include) so that maximum benefit is obtained from the test.
- Ensure the Site Log Book" is up to date, faults have been attended to and the latest test are recorded

Quarterly Operations (service contractor)

- In addition to Monthly Operational checks
- > Check all internal connections and perform "alarm", "fault" and site specific tests
- > Perform a "walk around" of the site to determine if the system integrity is free of possible faults
- Ensure the Site Log Book" is up to date, faults have been attended to and the latest test are recorded

Annual Operations (service contractor)

- In addition to Monthly Operational checks
- > Initiate both a "lamp" and "walk" test and any other tests as determined necessary for the site
- > Inspect and test (as per the manufacturers specifications) batteries



Ensure the Site Log Book" is up to date, faults have been attended to and the latest test are recorded

Replacement Components (service contractor)

Batteries and fuses are seen as the only field replaceable components.

If a board field change is required all necessary anti-static precautions must be taken.

Note: If the Main Board is changed the power supply may require re-calibration.

15.2 Troubleshooting FireFinder PLUS

Resolution of all suspected faults MUST only be carried out by suitably qualified technical operatives.

| Problem | Solution | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| No Mains Power | Check mains Fuse | | |
| | Check output voltage it should be set to 27.6V. | | |
| Supply fault LED illuminated | Low = (less than 26.5V) | | |
| | High = (greater than 28V) | | |
| | Check the battery has been connected properly | | |
| Earth Fault LED illuminated | Check all input and output cabling and wiring assemblies for short to ground | | |
| System Fault I FD illuminated | Ensure correct software is installed | | |
| System Fault LED illuminated | Check all connections for loose wiring | | |
| Warning System Fault LED illuminated | Check correct E.O.L is fitted (10K) | | |
| Warning System Fault LED illuminated | Check wiring is connected correctly | | |
| Maintenance Alarm cleared but <i>FireFinder PLUS</i> still displays Maintenance Alarm | Carry out Loop Test | | |
| LCD displays LOOP (number) open circuit | Check in and out legs are connected correctly at the loop termination board | | |
| Unable to clear an O/C or S/C on a loop | You must perform a loop test to clear the fault. This is a level 1 function. | | |
| Communication Loop not working | Check for correct software installed in all communication boards. | | |
| Communication Loop not working | Check LCD at Main controller. This may identify where there is a break in the communication line | | |
| Can not access Function menu | Incorrect Password entered | | |
| Forgotten password | Ring AMPAC and directions will be given to provide you with a temporary code | | |
| An Analogue Fault occurs when using a Zone Monitor to monitor a switch. | A 1.8k Ohm resistor must be placed in series with the switch contacts. | | |
| Sounder Fault | Make sure you have a 10K Ohm EOL resistor fitted and a diode (1N4004) in series with the sounder | | |



16 Compatible Devices

| AMPAC Type Code | Auto Learn Default | Device Type | Displayed Type (19 chars) | Type Desc |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|---|---------------------------|-----------|
| | | | | |
| | | Optical | | |
| 05h | ✓ | XP95 Optical | ХР95 РНОТО | РНОТО |
| 05h | | XP95 Optical with base sounder | XP95 PHOTO + SNDR | РНОТО |
| 05h | | XPander Optical | XPANDER PHOTO | РНОТО |
| 05h | | S90 Optical | S90 PHOTO | РНОТО |
| 05h | | Xplorer Optical | XPLORER PHOTO | РНОТО |
| 05h | | Xplorer Optical with base sounder | XPLR PHOTO + SNDR | РНОТО |
| 05h | | XP95 Beam | XP95 BEAM | РНОТО |
| 0Dh | ✓ | XP95 Reflective beam | XP95 REFLECT BEAM | BEAM |
| 105h | ✓ | Discovery Optical | DISC PHOTO | РНОТО |
| 105h | | Discovery Optical with base sounder | DISC PHOTO + SNDR | РНОТО |
| 11Dh | ✓ | Discovery Multisensor | DISC MULTISENSOR | MULTI |
| 11Dh | | Discovery Multisensor with base sounder | DISC MULTI + SNDR | MULTI |
| 15h | √ | XP95 Flame | XP95 FLAME | FLAME |
| 1Dh | ✓ | XP95 Multisensor | XP95 MULTISENSOR | MULTI |
| 1Dh | | XP95 Multisensor with base sounder | XP95 MULTI + SNDR | MULTI |
| 1Dh | | XPander Multisensor | XPANDER MULTI | MULTI |
| 31Dh | ✓ | Enhanced Discovery Multisensor | EDSC MULTISENSOR | MULTI |
| 31Dh | | Enhanced Discovery Multi + base sounder | EDSC MULTI + SNDR | MULTI |
| | | Heat Detectors | | |
| 06h | ✓ | XP95 Heat | XP95 HEAT | HEAT |
| 06h | | XP95 Heat with base sounder | XP95 HEAT + SNDR | HEAT |
| 06h | | XPander Heat | XPANDER HEAT | HEAT |
| 06h | | S90 Heat | S90 HEAT | HEAT |
| 06h | | Xplorer Heat | XPLORER HEAT | HEAT |
| 06h | | Xplorer Heat with base sounder | XPLR HEAT + SNDR | HEAT |
| 0Eh | √ | XP95 Hi temp | XP95 HI HEAT | HHEAT |
| 0Eh | | XP95 Hi temp with base sounder | XP95 HI HEAT + SNDR | HHEAT |
| 0Eh | | XPander Hi temp | XPANDER HI HEAT | HHEAT |
| 0Eh | | Xplorer Hi temp | XPLORER HI HEAT | HHEAT |
| 0Eh | | Xplorer Hi temp with base sounder | XPLR HI HEAT + SNDR | HHEAT |
| 106h | √ | Discovery Heat | DISC HEAT | HEAT |
| 106h | | Discovery Heat with base sounder | DISC HEAT + SNDR | HEAT |
| | | Ionisation | | |
| 03h | ✓ | XP95 Ion | XP95 ION | ION |
| 03h | | XP95 Ion with base sounder | XP95 ION + SNDR | ION |
| 03h | | S90 Ion | S90 ION | ION |
| 103h | ✓ | Discovery Ion | DISCION | ION |
| | | Discovery Ion with base sounder | DISCION + SNDR | ION |



| 10Bh | ✓ | Discovery Carbon Monoxide | DISC CO | со |
|------|---|--|---------------------|--------|
| 10Bh | | Discovery Carbon Monoxide with base sndr | DISC CO + SNDR | CO |
| | | | | |
| | | Manual Call Points | | |
| 07h | ✓ | S90 MCP | S90 MCP | MCP |
| 11Fh | ✓ | Discovery MCP | DISC MCP | MCP |
| 1Fh | ✓ | XP95 MCP | XP95 MCP | MCP |
| 1Fh | | XPander MCP | XPANDER MCP | MCP |
| 1Fh | | XP95 Mini switch monitor with interrupt | XP95 MINI SW + INT | MCP |
| 1Fh | | Xplorer MCP | XPLORER MCP | MCP |
| | | | | |
| | | Sounders | | |
| 01h | ✓ | XP95 sounder / sounder control unit | XP95 SOUNDER | SNDR |
| 01h | | XPander sounder | XPANDER SOUNDER | SNDR |
| 01h | | XP95 integrated base sounder | XP95 INTGR BSE SNDR | SNDR |
| 01h | | XP95 Intelligent base sounder | XP95 INTEL BSE SNDR | SNDR |
| 01h | | XP95 sounder beacon base | XP95 SND BEACN BSE | SNDR |
| 01h | | XP95 loop powered beacon | XP95 LOOP PWR BEACN | SNDR |
| 01h | | S90 sounder control unit | S90 SCU | SNDR |
| 111h | √ | Discovery sounder beacon base/open area | DISC SOUNDER BEACN | SNDR |
| | | I/O Units | | |
| 02h | | XP95 input / output module | XP95 I/O | 1/0 |
| 02h | | XPander I/O (Relay) Unit | XPANDER I/O | 1/0 |
| 02h | | XP95 three channel input / output module | XP95 3I/O | 1/0 |
| 02h | | XP95 output module | XP95 OUTPUT | 1/0 |
| 02h | | XP95 mains switching input / output module | XP95 MAINS I/O | 1/0 |
| 02h | | S90 single channel I/O unit | S90 SINGLE I/O | 1/0 |
| 02h | | S90 3 channel I/O unit | S90 3I/O | 1/0 |
| 02h | | S90 3 channel analogue I/O unit | S90 3I/O + ANALOGUE | 1/0 |
| 02h | | S90 switch monitor unit | S90 SWITCH | 1/0 |
| 02h | | Xplorer output module | XPLORER OUTPUT | 1/0 |
| 0211 | | | | ., |
| | | Zone Monitors | | |
| 04h | ✓ | XP95 zone monitor | XP95 ZONE MONITOR | CONV |
| 04h | | XPander Loop Interface | XPANDER INTERFACE | RADIO |
| 04h | | S90 zone monitor | S90 ZONE MONITOR | CONV |
| | ✓ | | | |
| 0Ch | × | XP95 switch monitor | XP95 SWITCH | SWITCH |
| 0Ch | | XP95 mini switch monitor | XP95 MINI SWITCH | SWITCH |
| 0Ch | | XP95 switch monitor plus | XP95 SWITCH PLUS | SWITCH |
| 1Ch | ✓ | FastSense XP95 APIC | XP95 FASTSENSE | FSENSE |
| | | User Defined | | |
| | ✓ | XP95 AAF | XP95 AAF | AAF |



17 Address Setting

BINARY ADDRESS SETTING (APOLLO)

SERIES XP95 - ADDRESS DATA

DIL SWITCH: ON = 1 OFF = 0 ADDRESS TAG FOR DETECTORS (I/O DEVICES)

| DIL swi | itch setting | DIL swi | itch setting | DIL swi | tch setting | DIL swi | tch setting | DIL swi | itch setting |
|---------|--------------|---------|--------------|---------|-------------|---------|-------------|---------|--------------|
| Address | 1234567 | Address | 1234567 | Address | 1234567 | Address | 1234567 | Address | 1234567 |
| 1 | 1000000 | 26 | 0101100 | 51 | 1100110 | 76 | 0011001 | 101 | 1010011 |
| 2 | 0100000 | 27 | 1101100 | 52 | 0010110 | 77 | 1011001 | 102 | 0110011 |
| 3 | 1100000 | 28 | 0011100 | 53 | 1010110 | 78 | 0111001 | 103 | 1110011 |
| 4 | 0010000 | 29 | 1011100 | 54 | 0110110 | 79 | 1111001 | 104 | 0001011 |
| 5 | 1010000 | 30 | 0111100 | 55 | 1110110 | 80 | 0000101 | 105 | 1001011 |
| 6 | 0110000 | 31 | 1111100 | 56 | 0001110 | 81 | 1000101 | 106 | 0101011 |
| 7 | 1110000 | 32 | 0000010 | 57 | 1001110 | 82 | 0100101 | 107 | 1101011 |
| 8 | 0001000 | 33 | 1000010 | 58 | 0101110 | 83 | 1100101 | 108 | 0011011 |
| 9 | 1001000 | 34 | 0100010 | 59 | 1101110 | 84 | 0010101 | 109 | 1011011 |
| 10 | 0101000 | 35 | 1100010 | 60 | 0011110 | 85 | 1010101 | 110 | 0111011 |
| 11 | 1101000 | 36 | 0010010 | 61 | 1011110 | 86 | 0110101 | 111 | 1111011 |
| 12 | 0011000 | 37 | 1010010 | 62 | 0111110 | 87 | 1110101 | 112 | 0000111 |
| 13 | 1011000 | 38 | 0110010 | 63 | 1111110 | 88 | 0001101 | 113 | 1000111 |
| 14 | 0111000 | 39 | 1110010 | 64 | 0000001 | 89 | 1001101 | 114 | 0100111 |
| 15 | 1111000 | 40 | 0001010 | 65 | 1000001 | 90 | 0101101 | 115 | 1100111 |
| 16 | 0000100 | 41 | 1001010 | 66 | 0100001 | 91 | 1101101 | 116 | 0010111 |
| 17 | 1000100 | 42 | 0101010 | 67 | 1100001 | 92 | 0011101 | 117 | 1010111 |
| 18 | 0100100 | 43 | 1101010 | 68 | 0010001 | 93 | 1011101 | 118 | 0110111 |
| 19 | 1100100 | 44 | 0011010 | 69 | 1010001 | 94 | 0111101 | 119 | 1110111 |
| 20 | 0010100 | 45 | 1011010 | 70 | 0110001 | 95 | 1111101 | 120 | 0001111 |
| 21 | 1010100 | 46 | 0111010 | 71 | 1110001 | 96 | 0000011 | 121 | 1001111 |
| 22 | 0110100 | 47 | 1111010 | 72 | 0001001 | 97 | 1000011 | 122 | 0101111 |
| 23 | 1110100 | 48 | 0000110 | 73 | 1001001 | 98 | 0100011 | 123 | 1101111 |
| 24 | 0001100 | 49 | 1000110 | 74 | 0101001 | 99 | 1100011 | 124 | 0011111 |
| 25 | 1001100 | 50 | 0100110 | 75 | 1101001 | 100 | 0010011 | 125 | 1011111 |
| | | | | | | | | 126 | 0111111 |

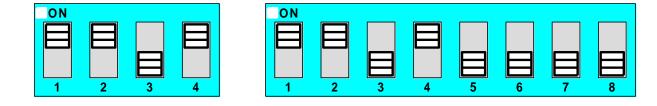


Figure 112: 4 and 8 way Switch addressing set to Address 11

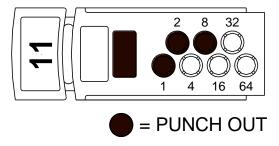


Figure 113: Xpert Card addressing set to Address 11



18 Glossary of Terms

| ACF: | ANCILLARY CONTROL FACILITY |
|--------|---|
| ACKD: | ACKNOWLEDGED |
| AHU: | AIR HANDLING UNIT |
| ALM: | ALARM |
| AVF: | ALARM VERIFICATION FACILITY |
| AZF: | ALARM ZONE FACILITY |
| AZC: | ALARM ZONE CIRCUIT |
| C: | RELAY COMMON CONTACT (WIPER) |
| CIC: | CONTROLLER INTERFACE CARD |
| CN: | CONNECTOR |
| CPU: | COMMON PROCESSOR UNIT |
| DGP: | DATA GATHERING POINT |
| EARTH: | BUILDING EARTH |
| EOL: | END OF LINE |
| FDS: | FIRE DETECTION SYSTEM |
| FACP: | FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL |
| FLT: | FAULT |
| GND: | GROUND (0 VOLTS) NOT EARTH |
| I/O: | INPUT/OUTPUT |
| LCD: | LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY |
| MAF: | MASTER ALARM FACILITY |
| MCP: | MANUAL CALL POINT |
| MOV: | METAL OXIDE VARISTOR (TRANSIENT PROTECTION) |
| NIC: | NETWORK INTERFACE CARD |
| N/C: | NORMALLY CLOSED RELAY CONTACTS |
| N/O: | NORMALLY OPEN RELAY CONTACTS |
| N/W: | NETWORK |
| PCB: | PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARDS |
| P/S: | POWER SUPPLY |
| PSM: | POWER SUPPLY MODULE |
| REM: | REMOTE |
| SPOT: | SINGLE PERSON OPERATING TEST |
| TB: | TERMINAL BLOCK |
| VDC: | DIRECT CURRENT VOLTS |



19 Definitions

Addressable system - a fire alarm and detection system that contains addressable alarm zone facilities or addressable control devices.

Alarm Verification Facility (AVF) - that part of the FACP, which provides an automatic resetting function for spurious alarm signals so that they will not inadvertently initiate Master Alarm Facility (MAF), or ACF functions. Using ConfigManager prior to downloading to the *FireFinder PLUS* sets this option

Alarm zone - the specific portion of a building or complex identified by a particular alarm zone facility.

Alarm Zone Circuit (AZC) - the link or path that carries signals from an actuating device(s) to an alarm zone facility(s).

Alarm Zone Facility (AZF) - that part of the control and indicating equipment that registers and indicates signals (alarm and fault) received from its alarm zone circuit. It also transmits appropriate signals to other control and indicating facilities.

Alert signal - an audible signal or combination of audible and visible signals, from the occupant warning system to alert wardens and other nominated personnel as necessary to commence prescribed actions.

Ancillary Control Facility (ACF) - that portion of the control and indicating equipment that on receipt of a signal initiates predetermined actions in external ancillary devices.

Ancillary equipment - remote equipment connected to FACP.

Ancillary relay - relay within FACP to operate ancillary equipment.

Ancillary output - output for driving ancillary equipment.

Approved and approval - approved by, or the approval of, the Regulatory Authority concerned.

Card-detect link - a link on a module connector to indicate the disconnection of the module.

Conventional System - is a fire detection system using a dedicated circuit for each alarm zone.

Distributed system - a fire alarm and detection system where sections of the control and indicating equipment are remotely located from the FACP or where sub-indicator panel(s) communicate with a main FACP.

Field connections - are connections made to FACP or ancillary equipment during installation.

Fire alarm system - an arrangement of components and apparatus for giving an audible, visible, or other perceptible alarm of fire, and which may also initiate other action.

Fire detection system - an arrangement of detectors and control and indicating equipment employed for automatically detecting fire and initiating other action as arranged.

Fire Alarm Control Panel (FACP) - a panel on which is mounted an indicator or indicators together with associated equipment for the fire alarm or sprinkler system.

Fire resisting - an element of construction, component or structure which, by requirement of the Regulatory Authority, has a specified fire resistance.

Indicating equipment - the part of a fire detection and or alarm system, which provides indication of any warning signals (alarm and fault), received by the control equipment.

Interface - The interconnection between equipment that permits the transfer of data.



Main equipment - equipment essential to the operation of the system including, control equipment, amplification equipment and power supply modules.

Master Alarm Facility (MAF) - that part of the equipment which receives alarm and fault signals from any alarm zone facility and initiates the common signal (alarm and/or fault) for transmission to the fire control station. Bells and other ancillary functions may be initiated from this facility.

Power Supply - that portion of the FACP which supplies all voltages necessary for its operation.

Regulatory Authority - an authority administering Acts of Parliament or Regulations under such Acts



20 Specifications

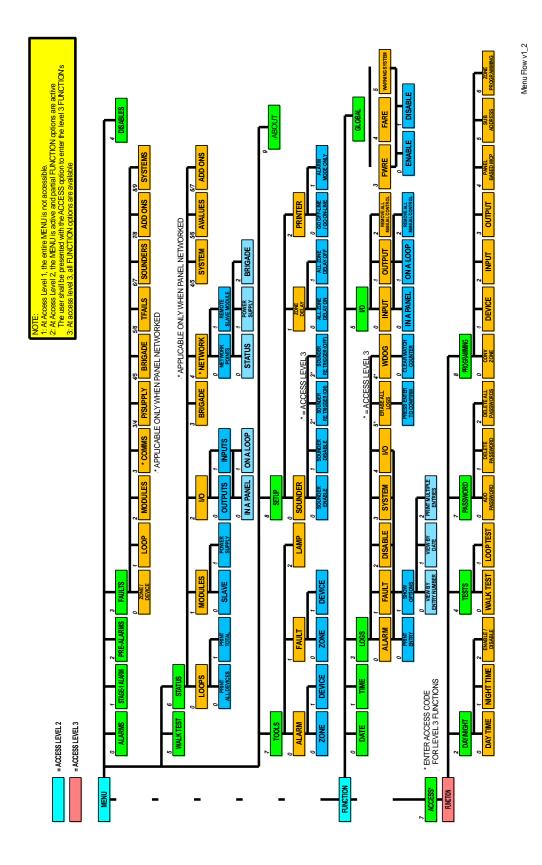
| | Metal SP1M (LPCB Approved) | Metal SP8X (LPCB Approved) |
|---|--|---|
| Mechanical | | |
| Dimensions Cabinet: (mm) | 505 (H) x 407 (W) x 150 (D) | 845 (H) x 518.5 (W) x 173(D) |
| Material | 1.2mm Mild Steel | 1.2mm Mild Steel |
| Environmental | | |
| Temperature: | -5ºC to + 40ºC | |
| Humidity: | 25% to 95% non-condensing | |
| IP rating | IP30 | |
| Mains Input | T | |
| Input Voltage: | 195 - 253VAC | 195 - 253VAC |
| Protection (Quick Acting Fuse): | | |
| 5 AMP Supply | 2Amp 3AG Slow Blow | 2A 3AG Slow Blow |
| 14 AMP Supply | N/A | 5A 3AG Slow Blow |
| Minimum Cable Requirements: | Not less than 0.75mm ² | Not less than 0.75mm ² |
| Power Supply | 1 | |
| | | |
| Operating Voltage Range: | 20 - 28.2VDC | 20 - 28.2VDC |
| Power Supply Ripple Voltage: | <250mV | <250mV |
| Power Supply Output Current: | 5.6Amps | 5.6Amps |
| Imax A | 3Amps | 3Amps |
| Imax B | 5.5Amps | 5.5Amps |
| Protection | Current Limiting | Current Limiting |
| Batteries / Battery Charger | | |
| Charger Float Voltage | 26.6-28.2VDC | 26.6-28.2VDC |
| (Temp compensated): | (27.3VDC nom @ 20°C) | (27.3VDC nom @ 20°C) |
| Approved LPCB Battery: | Genesis NP24-12R | Genesis NP33-12R |
| Battery Type: | 2x12V Sealed Lead Acid | 2x12V Sealed Lead Acid |
| Max Battery Capacity: | 24AH | ЗЗАН |
| Max Charger Current Limited: | 1.25A | 2A |
| Battery Supply Current Limited: | 3A and 2A PTC | 3A and 2A PTC |
| Battery Low: | <23VDC | <23VDC |
| Battery Discharged Cut-off Voltage: | <21VDC | <21VDC |
| Max Battery Resistance | 0.75Ω | 0.75Ω |
| Panel | | |
| Quiescent Current (QI) | 1 Loop 220mA, 8 Loop 580mA | - |
| | 64 max | 192 max |
| Number of Zone LEDs: | (32 fitted as standard, requires 4310- | (64 fitted as standard. Requires 4310- |
| | 0085 to fitted for >32) | 0086 modules to be fitted for additional |
| | | zone leds) |
| Loop | | |
| Maximum number of Loops: | 4 | 8 |
| Maximum Number of Zones: | 64 | 128 |
| Maximum Number of Devices: | 126 / loop | 126 / loop |
| Loop Current | 500mA / loop | 500mA / loop |
| Cabling Requirements: | 2 core 1.5 -2.5 mm ² Max length 1km | 2 core 1.5 -2.5mm ² Max length 1km |
| Fault supervision: | O/C, S/C, over current | O/C, S/C, over current |
| • | | 1 |
| Outputs | | |
| Outputs Supervised Alarm (Current Limited) | 24VDC @ 1A Max O/C. S/C. 10K FOI | |
| Supervised Alarm (Current Limited) | 24VDC @ 1A Max O/C, S/C, 10K EOL 24VDC @ 1A | |
| Supervised Alarm (Current Limited) Alarm / Fault Relay Contacts | 24VDC @ 1A | |
| Supervised Alarm (Current Limited) Alarm / Fault Relay Contacts Auxiliary VDC – Protected | 24VDC @ 1A 24VDC @ 2A | |
| Supervised Alarm (Current Limited) Alarm / Fault Relay Contacts Auxiliary VDC – Protected Cabling Requirements: | 24VDC @ 1A | |
| Supervised Alarm (Current Limited) Alarm / Fault Relay Contacts Auxiliary VDC – Protected Cabling Requirements: Inputs | 24VDC @ 1A 24VDC @ 2A 2 core 1 -2.5mm2 Max length 1km | |
| Supervised Alarm (Current Limited) Alarm / Fault Relay Contacts Auxiliary VDC – Protected Cabling Requirements: Inputs Supervised | 24VDC @ 1A 24VDC @ 2A 2 core 1 -2.5mm2 Max length 1km O/C, S/C, 10K EOL | |
| Supervised Alarm (Current Limited) Alarm / Fault Relay Contacts Auxiliary VDC – Protected Cabling Requirements: Inputs Supervised Cabling Requirements: | 24VDC @ 1A 24VDC @ 2A 2 core 1 -2.5mm2 Max length 1km | |
| Supervised Alarm (Current Limited) Alarm / Fault Relay Contacts Auxiliary VDC – Protected Cabling Requirements: Inputs Supervised | 24VDC @ 1A 24VDC @ 2A 2 core 1 -2.5mm2 Max length 1km O/C, S/C, 10K EOL | |



| | Metal SP1X (LPCB Approved) | Metal SP16X |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| Mechanical | | · |
| Dimensions (abinat: (mm) | 505 (H) x 407 (W) x 150 (D) | 1200 (H) x 625 (W) x 240 (D) |
| Dimensions Cabinet: (mm) | Includes window outer door | Includes window outer door |
| Material | 1.2mm Mild Steel | 1.2mm Mild Steel |
| Environmental | · | · |
| Temperature: | -5ºC to + 40ºC | |
| Humidity: | 25% to 95% non-condensing | |
| IP rating | IP30 | |
| Mains Input | | |
| Input Voltage: | 195 - 253VAC | 195 - 253VAC |
| Protection (Quick Acting Fuse): | | |
| 5 AMP Supply | 2Amp 3AG Slow Blow | N/A |
| 14 AMP Supply | N/A | 5A 3AG Slow Blow |
| Minimum Cable Requirements: | Not less than 0.75mm ² | Not less than 0.75mm ² |
| Power Supply | | |
| | | |
| Operating Voltage Range: | 20 - 28.2VDC | 20 - 28.2VDC |
| Power Supply Ripple Voltage: | <250mV | <250mV |
| Power Supply Output Current: | 5.6Amps | 14Amps |
| Imax A | 3Amps | - initipo |
| Imax A Imax B | 5.5Amps | |
| Protection | Current Limiting | Current Limiting |
| Folection | | Current Limiting |
| Batteries / Battery Charger | | |
| Charger O/P Voltage | 26.6-28.2VDC | 26.6-28.2VDC |
| (Temp compensated): | (27.3VDC nom @ 20°C) | (27.3VDC nom @ 20°C) |
| Approved LPCB Battery: | | |
| Battery Type: | 2x12V Sealed Lead Acid | 2x12V Sealed Lead Acid |
| Max Battery Capacity: | 18AH | 40AH |
| Max Charger Current Limited: | 1.25A | 2A |
| Battery Supply Current Limited: | 3A and 2A PTC | 3A and 2A PTC |
| Battery Low: | <23VDC | <23VDC |
| Battery Discharged Cut-off Voltage: | <21VDC | <21VDC |
| Max Battery Resistance | 0.75Ω | 0.43Ω |
| | 0.7511 | 0.1012 |
| Panel Quiescent Current (QI) | 1 Loop 220mA | |
| | 64 max | |
| | (No Zone LEDs are fitted as standard so | 320 |
| Number of Zone LEDs: | requires Zone LED module 4310-0086 | (64 fitted as standard. Requires 4310- |
| Number of Zone LED3. | to fitted to meet requirements of | 0086 modules to be fitted for additional |
| | EN54.2) | Zone LEDs) |
| Loop | | |
| Maximum number of Loops: | | 16 (Two petworked and and |
| Maximum Number of Devices: | 4 126 (Joon | 16 (Two networked nodes) |
| Loop Current | 126 / loop | 126 / loop |
| Cabling Requirements: | 500mA / loop | 500mA / loop |
| <u> </u> | 2 core 1.5 -2.5mm ² Max length 1km | 2 core 1.5 -2.5mm ² Max length 1km |
| Fault supervision: | O/C, S/C, over current | O/C, S/C, over current |
| Outputs | | |
| Supervised Alarm (Current Limited) | 24VDC @ 1A Max O/C, S/C, 10K EOL | |
| Alarm / Fault Relay Contacts | 24VDC @ 1A | |
| Auxiliary VDC – Protected | 24VDC @ 2A | |
| Cabling Requirements: | 2 core 1 -2.5mm2 Max length 1km | |
| Inputs | | |
| Supervised | O/C, S/C, 10K EOL | |
| Cabling Requirements: | 2 core 1 -2.5mm2 Max length 1km | |
| Communications | | |
| Add-on Module Internal to FACP | RS485 | |
| External to FACP | RS485 | |



21 QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE





UK CA

CE

0832

21 0832-UKCA-CPR-F0308 0832-UKCA-CPR-F0312 0832-UKCA-CPR-F0316 2831

20 2831-CPR-F2744 2831-CPR-F4503 2831-CPR-F4504

AMPAC PTY LIMITED 7 Ledgar Road Balcatta, Western Australia, 6021

EN54-2 & 4 1997 including amendments 1 & 2

Control and Indicating equipment and Power Supply equipment for fire detection and fire alarm systems for buildings

SP1M FireFinder Plus

8681-0108 FireFinder Plus 1 Loop 32 Zone Analogue Addressable CIE 8681-0208 FireFinder Plus 2 Loop 32 Zone Analogue Addressable CIE 8681-0308 FireFinder Plus 3 Loop 32 Zone Analogue Addressable CIE 8681-0408 FireFinder Plus 4 Loop 32 Zone Analogue Addressable CIE

SP1X FireFinder Plus

8681-0110 FireFinder Plus 1 Loop Analogue Addressable SP1X CIE 8681-0210 FireFinder Plus 2 Loop Analogue Addressable SP1X CIE 8681-0310 FireFinder Plus 3 Loop Analogue Addressable SP1X CIE 8681-0410 FireFinder Plus 4 Loop Analogue Addressable SP1X CIE

SP8X FireFinder Plus

8681-0113 FireFinder Plus 1 Loop 64Z 5A SP8X Analogue Addressable CIE 8681-0213 FireFinder Plus 2 Loop 64Z 5A SP8X Analogue Addressable CIE 8681-0313 FireFinder Plus 3 Loop 64Z 5A SP8X Analogue Addressable CIE 8681-0413 FireFinder Plus 4 Loop 64Z 5A SP8X Analogue Addressable CIE 8681-0513 FireFinder Plus 5 Loop 64Z 5A SP8X Analogue Addressable CIE 8681-0613 FireFinder Plus 6 Loop 64Z 5A SP8X Analogue Addressable CIE 8681-0713 FireFinder Plus 7 Loop 64Z 5A SP8X Analogue Addressable CIE 8681-0813 FireFinder Plus 8 Loop 64Z 5A SP8X Analogue Addressable CIE 8681-0813 FireFinder Plus 8 Loop 64Z 5A SP8X Analogue Addressable CIE

> Provided options: Output to fire alarm devices Output to fire alarm routing equipment Delay to outputs Dependencies on more than one alarm signal – Type A Dependencies on more than one alarm signal – Type B Dependencies on more than one alarm signal – Type C Fault signal from point Output to fault warning routing equipment Disablement of each addressable point Test condition

MAN 2995-11





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